THE DUTCH FLAT ENQUIRER.

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DUTCH FLAT ENQUIRER.

PUBLISHED EVERY SATURDAY MORNING BY

E. B. BOUST.

OFFICE, ON SACRAMENTO STREET, DUTCH FLAT.

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For one year, (IN ADVANCE)..... $6 00
" Six months,..... 3 50
" Three months,..... 2 50
Single copies,..... 25

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ENQUIRER CALENDER, 1864.

1864.	Sunday.	Monday.	Tuesday.	Wednesday.	Thursday.	Friday.	Saturday.	1864.	Sunday.	Monday.	Tuesday.	Wednesday.	Thursday.	Friday.	Saturday.
Jan.	...	...	...	...	...	1	2	July	...	...	...	...	...	1	2
	3	4	5	6	7	8	9		3	4	5	6	7	8	9
	10	11	12	13	14	15	16		10	11	12	13	14	15	16
	17	18	19	20	21	22	23		17	18	19	20	21	22	30
	24	25	26	27	28	29	30		24	25	26	27	28	29	23
	31	...	...	...	...	...	...		3	...	...	...	...	...	...
Feb.	...	1	2	3	4	5	6	Aug.	...	1	2	3	4	5	6
	7	8	9	10	11	12	13		7	8	9	10	11	12	13
	14	15	16	17	18	19	20		14	15	16	17	18	19	20
	21	22	23	24	25	26	27		21	22	23	24	25	26	27
	28	29	...	...	...	...	...		28	29	30	31	...	...	...
Mar.	...	...	1	2	3	4	5	Sept.	...	...	...	...	1	2	3
	6	7	8	9	10	11	12		4	5	6	7	8	9	10
	13	14	15	16	17	18	19		11	12	13	14	15	16	17
	20	21	22	23	24	25	26		18	19	20	21	22	23	24
	27	28	29	30	31	...	...		25	26	27	28	29	30	...
Apr'l	...	...	...	...	...	1	2	Oct.	...	...	...	...	...	...	1
	3	4	5	6	7	8	9		2	3	4	5	6	7	8
	10	11	12	13	14	15	16		9	10	11	12	13	14	15
	17	18	19	20	21	22	23		16	17	18	19	20	21	22
	24	25	26	27	28	29	30		23	24	25	26	27	28	29
									30	31	...	...	...	...	...
May.	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	Nov.	...	...	1	2	3	4	5
	8	9	10	11	12	13	14		6	7	8	9	10	11	12
	15	16	17	18	19	20	21		13	14	15	16	17	18	19
	22	23	24	25	26	27	28		20	21	22	23	24	25	26
	29	30	31	...	...	...	...		27	28	29	30	...	...	...
June.	...	...	...	1	2	3	4	Dec.	...	...	...	...	...	1	2
	5	6	7	8	9	10	11		4	5	6	7	8	9	10
	12	13	14	15	16	17	18		11	12	13	14	15	16	17
	19	20	21	22	23	24	25		18	19	20	21	22	23	24
	26	27	28	29	30	...	...		25	26	27	28	29	30	31

Business Cards.

L. B. ARNOLD, Attorney and Counselor at Law. Office Main street, Dutch Flat. 1-tf

HALE & ANDERSON, Attorneys and Counselors at Law, office in the brick building, next door to the County Hospital, Auburn, Cal. 32-tf

C. A. Tweed. E. L. Craig.

TWEED & CRAIG, Attorneys and Counselors at Law. Will practice in all the courts of Placer and the adjoining counties. Office in Auburn, in Judge Myers' building, Court street, next to the Temple saloon. may14 tf

WM. C. JONES,
PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON.
Will practice Medicine in Dutch Flat and vicinity. Office next door to the Dutch Flat Water Co.'s Office, Dutch Flat. aug. 14, 1862—tf.

H. W. NELSON,
SURGEON AND PHYSICIAN.
Office, one door above the theater, Main street, Dutch Flat, Cal. [no20-tf]

O. H. PETTERSON, M. D., Physician and Surgeon. Office opposite the Express Office, Main street, Iowa Hill. 1-tf

E. HUBBARD.....E. M. HALL.....D. C. ALLEN

HALL & ALLEN,
BANKERS,
AUBURN, TODD'S VALLEY, AND
DUTCH FLAT.
Placer County, California.

Pay the highest price for Gold Dust. Make advances on Gold Dust consigned for Assay or Coinage. Attend to collections and remittances, and transact General Banking Business

W. & P. NICHOLLS,
BANKERS,
Main Street, Dutch Flat, California.
Highest price paid for Gold Dust.
They also draw on
SACRAMENTO & SAN FRANCISCO, FREE,
—AND ON—
NEW YORK AND LONDON.
ADVANCES made on gold dust for coinage. m21

TO BE SOLD AT A BARGAIN.

HORIZONTAL STEAM ENGINE, ten (10) inch bore, twenty (20) inch stroke, with tubular boiler, in good condition. Enquire at Lyon's store, Iowa Hill, or to JAMES DARRAH, Esq. North Side Union Co. ap3-tf

GEORGE W. REPPARD,
House Sign and Ornamental
PAINTER,
MAIN STREET, DUTCH FLAT.

Every description of work executed in the best style. Orders respectfully solicited and promptly attended to. ap2-tf

TWENTY-FOUR YEARS AT THE GALLEYS.

A TALE OF CIRCUMSTANTIAL EVIDENCE.

Mons. Flammand, when a young man about five-and-twenty, was ordained priest at Paris a few months after Napoleon was banished to St. Helena; that is to say, about the year 1816.—After his ordination he was appointed vicaire to one of the large churches in the capital; and four or five years later he was chosen by the archbishop of the diocese to be cure—what with us would be called rector—of a small country parish about ten leagues from Paris. In this village—the name of which I forget—he inhabited a small house close to the church, containing five rooms besides the kitchen. One of these rooms was the priest's study; in another he took his meals; in the third he slept; the fourth was the room of the old *bonne*, or house-keeper, who was his only servant; the fifth, fitted up with a bed and a few chairs, formed a spare room in which any brother clergyman coming from a distance, or any stranger who happened to visit the cure, could sleep. All the rooms were on the ground floor; in fact, the house was merely a better kind of a cottage. The room used as a spare room had been added to the rest of the house, and butted out close to the main road which led to the village. It had one door which opened into the garden, and another which led into the study, or sitting-room, next to which was the room which the old *bonne* slept; and the kitchen, being at the other side of the passage, which, as it were, cut the house in two.

One very cold winter's evening, shortly after dark, and in the midst of a snow-storm, a young peasant woman came to the priest's door, and besought the house-keeper for a lodging for the night. She said she was on her way to Paris to see her father, who was in service in that city, but she had wandered and lost her way in the snow-storm, She was not without means to pay for her lodging, but hoped Monsieur le Cure might kindly allow her to sleep in the kitchen for the night. It would not only save the price of her bed but be more respectable as a sojourn for a young unmarried woman than the auberge of the village. In country places, in France, such applications to the clergy are by no means uncommon, and were still less so before railways had drawn all towns and localities much nearer each other. Moreover, at that time there were a considerable number of disbanded soldiers, and other loose characters, wandering about France; insomuch that no woman who could have avoided doing it, would have spent a night in a small village wine-shop, if she had any other place she could go to.

As a matter of course, the priest gave his consent that the traveler should stop the night in his house, and the spare room was got ready for her. The next morning the snow-storm was still so heavy that it was impossible for the woman to proceed on her journey, so she remained at the priest's, helping the old *bonne* in the household work, and dining with the priest and his house-keeper. In the evening she retired, as before, to the room which had been allotted to her.

The following morning, very early, there was an unusual alarm through the village. A strange woman had been found murdered at the priest's house. It appeared that a laborer who attended in the priest's garden, and did other odd jobs about the place, went to the Cure's before any one was up, with the intention of shovelling the snow off the roof of the house. Not to disturb any one, he entered the spare room by the door which led into the garden, as he had left a spade in that room on a previous occasion, and did not know any one was lying there. To his astonishment he found a woman in the bed, with her throat cut from ear to ear, and evident marks of a struggle visible in her torn clothes and the disordered bed-clothes. The first thing he did was to call the priest, who appeared paralysed with fear and dismay. The Mayor and other authorities were summoned, and quickly assembled in the room, in order to go through the forms which the law of France requires on such occasions. Near the bed of the murdered woman was found a razor, which was recognized as belonging to the priest, and with this weapon, which was covered with blood, the murder had no doubt been committed. The village doctor gave it as his opinion that the unfortunate woman had been outraged before being murdered, and that she had been dead for some hours. There were footsteps of a man's foot discovered in the snow, leading from the window of the room in which the priest slept to the outside door of the room opening into the garden in which the murder had taken place, and these marks had corresponded exactly in size with a pair of shoes which were found hidden under some rubbish in the garden, which were dirty, as having been lately used, and covered with blood. These shoes were recognized as belonging to the priest. In the same place a white cotton handkerchief, upon which some person had evidently wiped blood from his hands and fingers, was also found, and this also was proved to belong to the priest. The woman had not been murdered for the sake of whatever money or valuables she had about her, for her purse, containing three or four gold pieces, and some silver, was found on a chair near the bed, and hanging round her neck were a small gold cross and a silver box or case such as are used in Roman Catholic countries to contain relics. No person had been seen near the priest's house during the day or evening previous to the murder, and the old house-keeper declared that, during the night in which the deed had been committed, she had not heard any noise or struggle. But it was shown that, as her room was distant from that in which the murdered woman has slept, she might not have heard what was taking place there, even if there had been a noise. It was, however, proved that the priest's room was so near the room in which the murder had taken place, that it was almost impossible for him not to have heard a disturbance there. The priest himself had declared that he had slept sound, and had heard nothing. The shoes which were found in the garden he acknowledged to be his, but said they had been kept for some considerable time in a cupboard in the room where the murdered woman had slept, as they were a pair which he did not use in the winter months. The handkerchief he also said was his, but declared that, on the previous evening at supper, he had lent it to the woman who told him she had none of her own to tie her head during the night. He could not account for the razor being found in the room. Altogether, the evidence against him was considered so strong that he was sent to prison, and, in due time, was brought to trial, on the accusation of having outraged and then murdered the woman who had slept in his house.

In those days the public feeling and prejudice against priests were very strong in France.—Moreover, then, as now, every man put on his trial in that country was considered guilty until he could prove himself innocent. The priest was tried, cross-questioned again, until he hardly knew what he said or what he denied. The evidence against him was purely circumstantial, but it was strongly adverse. Moreover, it came out—or was brought to light by the Procureur Royal—that, long ago, ten years before he became a priest, when he was a mere boy, he had been strongly suspected of an intrigue with a married woman. To make a long story short, he was found guilty of both charges, and condemned to death, from which he was saved at the last moment by court influence, as the Bourbons, who were then in power, disliked the idea of a priest suffering an ignominous death on the scaffold. His sentence was commuted to the galleys for life, and he was sent off, a condemned felon, to work in chains for the rest of his days in the Bagne at Brest.

This unfortunate man was chained to a prisoner convicted of most atrocious crimes, and, day or night, or night or day, the chain that linked these two together was never undone.—The blasphemy that sounded, all day and every day in his ears, was augmented tenfold by the miscreants who surrounded him when they discovered that he had been, and, indeed, was yet, a minister of religion. By day, in cold, or wet, or heat, he had to toil in the dockyards at work which he had neither the strength of body to endure, nor the knowledge how to make the best of. Blows and oaths from the prisoners warders were amongst the least of evils he had to submit to in despair. All prisoners condemned in France to the galleys were treated not only worse than the brutes that perish, but as if the chief end and aim of their punishment were to harden them in vice and make them reckless of the laws of God and man. But this unfortunate priest was treated far worse than the others, for he was the everlasting butt, and at him were levelled all the most horrible jokes, of all fellow-prisoners.

How he endured this existence, after his peaceful life as a country priest seems little short of a miracle. And yet he did endure it, not only for a few, but for more than four-and-twenty years. He had been all this time a condemned galley slave, when a soldier in one of the French colonies, being on his death-bed, confessed, first in private to a priest, and afterwards publicly before the authorities, how he was the real culprit who had committed the crime for which poor Monsieur Flammand had been judged guilty.

He gave full and particular details how he had entered the room where the girl slept, with the intention of stealing whatever he could find. How he had found the woman sleeping there, had commited the double crime of which the priest had been accused, and had used the shoes, which he found in the cupboard, for the purpase of throwing suspicion on the priest, making it appear as if the latter had walked from his own window across the garden to the door of the girl's room. The handkerchief, he declared he had found on the bed, but did not know that it belonged to the priest. The razor, he declared, he had found in the same cupboard as the shoes, and, feeling sure that it must belong to the priest, had, after murdering the girl with it, purposely left it in a conspicuous place, so as to cause people to believe that the foul deed had been committed by the priest. All he had cared for at the time, he said, was to divert the scent of justice from himself. He was a native of the place where the murder took place, and had, a few hours after committing the crime, formed one of the crowed that went to the priest's house, where he was one of the loudest to declare that it must have been the priest, and no other, who murdered the unhappy woman. He had shortly after left his native place, taken service as a substitute in the army, and after some twenty-four years' service, did, on his death-bed, make the confession which exonerated Monsieur Flammand.

As a matter of course, the poor priest was in due time released from the Bagne, and restored to all his civil rights. His bishop offered several times to reinstate him in a parish, but he invariably respectfully and firmly declined. The reason he gave was, that the twenty-four years spent amongst the forests at Brest had rendered him unfit and unworthy ever to officiate again at the altar. He continued a most devoutly religious man, but said that if God spared his life to the utmost age given to man, it would barely suffice to purify his soul from the moral contagion of that hell upon earth, the Bagne. He retired to a part of France where he was not known, and, although he dressed as the French clergy do when not officiating in the church, he never entered a church save as the humblest layman might have done. He never told his story but to one or two intimate friends. When I knew him he had been set at liberty some eight or nine years, and not long ago I heard that he was dead.

INTOLERANCE.—There is an association in this city called the "Olympic Club," organized for the promotion of athletic exercises, etc., which numbers some four hundred members. We are not aware that it has a legal character or not by incorporation, but it is nevertheless recognized as one of the institutions of the city. On Friday evening last an annual meeting was held, at which some forty-four or fifty members were present, when a resolution was passed amendatory of the Constitution, declaring any Israelite ineligible to membership in the future. The cause which led to the adoption of this resolution is said to be the abuse on the part of certain Jewish members of the right to black-ball candidates proposed. This feud has raged for some six months, and the Gordian Knot was cut by the passage of the above mentioned amendment to the Constitution, which some members contended to be illegal, as no such amendment was specified in the announcement of a change a month previous, according to the by-laws. Be it as it may, the action of the Club is highly intolerant and offensive to the good sense of community. Proscription for religious views cannot find advocates in a free country. The young men members of the Club are themselves to blame if the Club's actions should prove of detriment to their present or future prospects. It is just such foolhardiness which breeds trouble in our domestic circles. If the Christians proscribe the Jews socially solely on religious ground, there is every justification for the Jews to retaliate, and thus an intolerant feeling is engendered in the community prejudicial to our prosperity.—*Alta.*

The paper having the largest circulation in the world is now said to be that issued by Secretary Chase. It is an extremely loyal publication, too. It supports both the Administration and the Union.

EDIBLE INSECTS.

We have no idea that our readers will be likely to attempt to make a repast from a dish of ants and angle-worms; but it is probably as well for them to know what others consider as delicacies in the way of food. Our Diggers, as well as the Indians of South America, have some queer ideas as to sumptuousness; they probably wish to avoid the gout. The following is excerped from a new work:

When Humboldt was travelling up the Rio Negro, he once came upon four Indians seated round a brush-wood fire, deep in the enjoyment of lumps of black spotted white paste. Upon examination, the black spots turned out to be large ants dried and blackened by smoke, of which several bags full were extended over the fire. The paste was made of casava flour, and tasted as if it had been mixed with rancid butter, the insect ingredient being the white ant or termite, famous for the voracity of its appetite and its constructive abilities. Herrera had long before recorded that the Panches of the Reyno de Granad subsided chiefly upon this insect crushed into cakes, and, according to him, they reated it in yards specially for the purpose. The natives of the country about Sierra Leone equally appreciate the culinary value of the white ant. At swarming time, numbers of the insects fall into the rivers lying in their line of march. These are quickly skimmed off the water with calabashes by the negroes. When they have collected as many as they desire, they parch them over a gentle fire, and eat them by handfuls, throwing them into their mouths like so many comfits. Dr. Winterbottom thought them sweet, delicious, wholesome, and nourishing; others have described them as resembling sweet almond paste, sugared marrow, and sweetened cream; but there is one drawback to their good qualities—over-indulgence in them is apt to produce dysentery. In other parts of Africa, the ants are obtained by digging into the ant-hill, and waiting until the laborers come forth to repair damages, when they are swept into a vessel much after the manner in which the ant-eater sweeps them into his mouth. Dr. Livingstone says: "While swarming, they appear like snow flakes floating about in the air, and dogs, cats, hawks, and almost every bird may be seen devouring them. The natives, too, profit by the occasion, and actively collect them for food, they being about a half an inch long, as thick as a crow-quill, and very fat. When roasted, they are said to be very good, and somewhat resemble grains of boiled rice. An idea may be formed of this dish by what occurred in the Bay of Zoug. The Bayeiye chief, Palani, visiting us while eating, I gave him a piece of bread and preserved apricots; and as he seemed to relish it much, I asked him if he had any food equal to that in his country. 'Ah,' said he 'did you ever taste white ant?' As I never had, he replied: 'Well, if you had, you never could have desired to eat anything better!'

The aborigines of Australia know the worth of the white ant when mixed with fern roots, but neither that delectable compound, nor the grub worms, and spiders in which they delight, stands so high in their opinion as the womeia, a species of *Psylla* one member of which genus is attached to the English box. The leaves of the African mopane tree are covered with another *Psylla*, emitting a sweet gummy excretion, which is carefully collected by the natives and strung with a large caterpillar, called the lopane, found in the same tree. A pass in the Bamarjerato Hills has received the name of Manakalongive or Union Pass, after a large caterpillar with an erect horn-like tail, common in the vicinity; and the children of the great traveller ate another large caterpillar, which the natives gave them when meat was scarce in the camp, with considerable relish. The large fat white worms found in the cabbage of the sago tree is eaten in the East Indies; but all edible caterpillars must yield the place of honor to the grov-grov, or palmworrow, living on the sap of a species of palm tree, and growing to the size and thickness of a man's thumb. It is produced from the spawn of the black snout-beetle, and when cooked, by being fried with butter and salt has the appearance of a small sausage. Captain Stedman declares the flavor of the palmworrow to be like a combination of all the spices of India; but Von Sack suspects that the captain did not taste it in its native simplicity, when he says it rather resembles very delicate marrow.

The Siamese are fond of spider's eggs and brown grasshoppers, and the women of Egypt feed on masked beetles, to arrive at the perfection of obesity that constitutes beauty on the banks of the Nile. In Europe and in this country, insect diet has found no favor, but insects have, nevertheless, been eaten, as some tee-totallers take brandy, for medical purposes. Wood lice, bruised in wine, beaten to powder, or swallowed as pills, were once deemed a sovereign remedy for asthmatic complaints. Mrs. Carter, writing to a lady friend, says: "I beg you will not neglect to take the millipedes. It is a most excellent medicine for the obstruction you mention in your glands, and, besides, may be of use to your eyes." Shroeder says old men in the West Indies swallow them alive to strengthen their backs, and Pliny mentions wood lice and green lizards, boiled down together, as a remedy for paralysis. Spiders swallowed alive or smothered in treacle was a prescription for ague. Live lice were held good for the yellow jaundice. "Ilie of the jaundice, yet have the cure about you, lice, large lice, begot of your own dust and the heat of the brick-kilns." Walton says the Jews must have been taught this by revelation. Avecinna prescribed the common bed-pest in cases of hysteria and quartan fever. Duke Bazilourtzy commanded his subjects, in Moscow, to send him "a measure full of live fleas," in order that he might carry out some curative experiment. The citizens, instead of sending the fleas, sent word that he demanded an impossibility, since, if they could, as was most improbable, collect such a number in their well-ordered city, they certainly could not measure them, "because of their leaping out." Bazilourtzy, in return, agreed to dispense with their unclean contribution, but ordered the citizens to forward him seven thousand rubles instead. Butler tells how poor Hudibras suffered when

"Fleeing combs, and nits' eggs
Had almost brought him off his legs."

But the insect itself must have very different qualities, if the testimony of John Heydon is of any value. He directs us to distil half a dozen handfuls of common ants—preferring those with a sourish smell—in spirits of wine, and by so doing, assures us we shall produce an excellent spirit for stirring up courage.

THE LONDON "TIMES" ESTABLISHMENT.

If there is anything that I hate it is the London *Times*, and all for its unparalleled abuse of my country. Yet I must confess that a visit to its printing establishment excited my admiration. The admiration was for the machinery; the hate for the devil that possessed and used it. With its tremendous power, the *Times* comes nearer to an embodiment of Satan than almost anything I have seen. It has a sort of Miltonic grandeur. In my estimation—hobbled as I have been by extensive observation to measure its influence—there are few potentates in Europe so mighty. It has been well said that in England there are three estates—the Lords, the Commons, and the *Times*.

It is marvelous how much heed is given to it on the Continent. I have seen German papers reproduce one of its leaders, or give its analysis, again and again, and comment on it as if it were a speech from the throne. Englishmen are always telling you that it does not represent the country, and yet if there is anything that they believe in, and live by, it is the *Times*. I should hardly have wondered if some Sunday I had heard it intoned in some cathedral, or said in some parish church, "I believe in the *Times*." As an illustration, at an English meeting of the Evangelical Alliance at Geneva, when it was proposed to adopt resolutions of sympathy for America, an English clergyman exclaimed, "O don't let us pass resolutions, there will be something about it in the *Times*." For this I give you my word.

Printing-house Square is a little out-of-the-way, half-enclosed nook, at the city end of Black Friar's Bridge, is the *Times* empire. The dingy piles of brick are not in the least imposing.—Yet there is about the place a quiet, scholastic air which makes you feel that you are in no common spot. At the right hand of the square is the office for advertisements, looking for all the world like a busy and crowded post-office. The advertising business of the *Times* is immense. Each day a quarto, larger than the whole *Evangelist*, is filled with announcements each of which pays no mean sum. Everything about the *Times* office is done with the utmost system, and therefore economy. There is a place for everything, and everything in its place. There is a perfect division of labor, and a place for each division. You enter a long room on the first floor where the *form* is got ready for stereotyping; for, with the exception of a single page, left open to the last moment for the latest intelligence, every particle of the paper is stereotyped before it goes to press. A part of this room, as well as one of the same size, above it, is used for the type-setters. These are always at work, day and night; there being two sets. I was interested in the relative size of the type boxes. In ordinary work "e" is the letter most used; its box being nearly twice as large as any other. My conductor assured me that in a theological article the letters most used were quite peculiar. Here "a" predominates; and after it "w" and "y." The "w" and "y," he said, were used because of the frequent recurrence of *you*; the proof certainly of a Northern-like directness. The "w" does not have a logical squint towards the *whys* and *wherefores*. In the first room were two telegraphic apparatuses; one communicating with the office of Reuter, the k[illegible] of tel-graphers and a German, the other with the House of Parliament. What comes from Louis Napoleon's or Palmerston's brain is here almost as soon as it is there. The *Times* is the great broker (and *breaker*) of the world's news without the intervention of music or steam. News is everything.

The department of the proof-readers is prominent. Every word and point undergoes the utmost scrutiny. A single typical error in the *Times* might subject it to heavy damages in law.

The stereotyping was to me the point of culminating interest. This is to save time and money. These forms must be had for the press as soon as possible. To set up a single page of the *Times* takes six men eight hours, and there are 16 pages. Now, from the moment that a form is finished till it is reproduced in stereotype, is exactly 25 minutes. Away it is hurled, to press. Another is made, and lo, the whole preparatory work is completed for the colossus of newspapers! In stereotyping, tissue paper is laid on the types, and over that pasteboard; the whole is subject to pressure; the impression thus obtained is enclosed in a mould, the metal is poured on it, and the work is done. Sixteen tons of paper is consumed each day. Each day there are sent out 130,000 sheets. In the press room, I was proud to see Hoe of "New York, U. S. A." taking the chief place.

I must not take space to speak of the luxury of the reporters' room, of the library, or of a multitude of things, curious and useful. "And now," said I, when the gentlemanly conductor had taken me through the establishment, "can you let me see JUPITER?"

"The Head-Thunderer," he answered solemnly, "is invisible. His ear is to be communicated with *only by writing*."—*London Correspondent New York Evangelist.*

THINGS FOUNDED IN REASON.—The idea of superiority felt by a man in a big steamboat over another in a little steamboat.

The contempt a man who is going the whole route in a stage feels for one who gets in to ride only a few miles.

The dislike a person experiences against a stranger who wears his hat rather to please himself than anybody else.

The pride of a gentleman in the boxes at a theatre over one in the pit.

The credit you award to a shopkeeper who assures you, on his "honor," such an article cost him so much.

The belief of anything because it has been in the newspapers.

THE SHAKESPEARE TERCENTENARY.—The three hundredth anniversary of the birth of Shakespeare was commemorated (April 23) in New York by laying the corner-stone of a Monument to his memory in Central Park. The ceremonies were witnessed by a number of distinguished citizens. The principle features of the occasion were addresses by Judge Daly and Mr. Wheatley, who recited an original poem, and the formal laying of the stone by Miss Hackett. The ceremonies closed by the formal acceptance of the monument by Mayor Gunther on behalf of the city. The site of the proposed statue is at the south end of the Mall, one of the most attractive and delightful sites in the limits of the grounds. A space staked off and surrounded with ropes protects the excavation, in which rests an oblong block of granite, bearing the following inscription:

WILLIAM SHAKESPEARE,
Born April 23, 1564.

The Monument will add another permanent attraction to the Park.—*Harper's Weekly.*

DUTCH FLAT ENQUIRER.

E. B. BOUST, : : : : EDITOR.

SATURDAY MORNING, JUNE 18, 1864

Notwithstanding the immense mining interest owned by a majority of the people in and about this place, we see that numbers are making preparations to spend the summer months higher up in the mountains, where nearly all are interested in the development of the silver mines which have been discovered in the neighborhood of Squaw Valley and Meadow Lake. These mines are said to be equal in richness to a majority of the mines discovered in Nevada Territory, and require but a small outlay of capital in order to test their value. Some of these claims, particularly those in the vicinity of Meadow Lake, have shown such flattering indications that the owners do not hesitate to begin operations in order to thoroughly test them; and all, who are interested in claims in both of the districts above mentioned appear sanguine as to their ultimate success. Many of these ledges prospect from seventy to one hundred dollars to the ton from the croppings, and we have heard of no instance where there have been shafts sunk that the prospect did not increase, some going as high as four hundred dollars.—The fact that there are rich silver ledges in a short distance of this place is not now disputed, but whether the country above here is as general in its argentiferous deposits as is claimed for it, of course remains to be seen. Not only are there manly silver ledges above this place, but we hear frequently of gold bearing ledges being found but a few miles distant from here, from one or two of which the discoverers have obtained most firttering prospects, and intend in a short time commencing work. One of these ledges, situated in Little Bear Valley, ten miles distant, was discovered by the Remington Brothers about three months ago, from the rock of which they obtained a prospect of about five hundred dollars to the ton; they immediately incorporated a company and have since been engaged at work with a success that warrants them in enlarging their operations. Another ledge owned by the Redstone company, is said to be as rich as the noted Allison lead at Grass Valley, and is doubtless, from the indications—one of the richest ever discovered. The rock taken from this ledge show no gold to the naked eye, but when crushed show a richness truly surprising, in fact the prospect obtained is so large that we should probably be accused of exaggeration were we to state it. This claim is not for sale. We have now stated the facts as they come to us, and allowing them to turn out as represented, it is yet to be regretted that the cause existed, and still exists, which made it necessary for our people to seek other localities in order to find employment during year. We believe we have the largest mining district and most productive tunnel and hydraulic diggings in the State, mines that have never failed to be highly remunerative when it was possible to work them. We have now, in this place and vicinity, say within a radius of three miles, a sufficient number of thoroughly prospected diggings to furnish employment for two thousand miners, were it possible to obtain water the year round. We believe there is not a claim in the whole district but would yield wages and water money were the people supplied with the necessary quantity of the element during the year. This state of things, however, is not attributable in any way to a lack of energy or enterprise on the part of the ditch owners here, for we take pleasure in saying, from our own knowledge, that they have exerted themselves in every manner possible in order to supply the miners for the past four years, a portion of which time they were successful, and the residue they were not, the reason being an exhaustion of the sources from which they received their supply. This, however, is not likely to occur if we are favored with anything like an ordinary season.

THE NOMINATIONS.—The convention which met at Balimore on the 8th of June under the auspices of the Union party nominated for the Presidency, Abraham Lincoln, and for Vice President, Andrew Johnson, of Tennessee. No one, we presume, is astonished at the action of the convention in nominating Mr. Lincoln for the Presidency; for the majority of the people of the United States are pretty well aware of the means employed to bring about this result. With the immense amount of patronage at the disposal of the President this could not, "in times like these," have been expected to be otherwise. The nomination of Mr. Lincoln is evidently in accordance with the wishes of the Republicans in this State, but whether his acts since he has occupied the Presidential chair has recommended him to the preference of the *people*, we doubt. That there are abler men in the party which nominated him, is not questioned; and why men that pretend to be actuated by motives for the good of the country should refuse to place their best men in the most exaltod positions is a question we would thank some of the faithful to answer. The comparison, however, between Mr. Lincoln and Fremont, cannot be made, the former has some claims to honesty, integrity of action, and common sense, while the latter hus shown himself to be utterly destitute of these essential virtues by allowing himself to be used as the puppet of a cabal whose teachings are calculated to injure the best interests of the country. Fremont was always noted, if noted at all, for occupying positions upon false foundations, from the time he followed Kit Carson across the continent up to the time of issuing his ridiculous pronunciacento at St. Louis while acting the part of a Major General. A man who has shown himself incompetent to manage his own affairs with either judgment or ability cannot be reasonably expected to take charge of a great Government like ours, with its multitudinous duties, many of which at times are conflicting, and manage it with any degree of decency or order. The nomination of Fremont, taking in consideration his want of eligibility to discharge the duties of a responsible office, is a slur upon the intelligence of the people.

We cannot object to the nomination of Andrew Johnson, for we believe him to be honest in his sentiments and devotedly attached to the cause of the Union of the States.

LETTER FROM NEVADA TERRITORY.

[FROM AN OCCASIONAL CORRESPONDENT.]

AMERICAN CITY, N. T., JUNE 1ST, 1864.

DEAR BOUST:—"Whereas war now exists," I once more arouse from a state of inexcusable lethargy or indifference, to inform you that I am still upon mercy's side of eternity, "and hoping these few lines" &c.—"*craps* are short and Bill's dead also"– propose giving the readers of the ENQUIRER a synopsis of what has been done and is being "did" in "Silverland," since writing you last.

To begin then: Theatres, Gift Entertainments, Vigilance Committees, Prize-fights, Greenback-Associations, anti dittoes, Extras, Benefits, Politics, and for a change—variety you know is the spice of life—and occasional man for breakfast it would seem is just now the order of the day.

In the first place, me thinks it not misapropos to notice the flourishing little burg of

AMERICAN CITY,

which is yet in its infancy, and of which little can be said, unless it is of its future prospects. The site, number of rich silver bearing Ledges in the immediate neighborhood, and other natural advantages are sufficient to justify the brightest anticipations. In fact the 'indications' are such that I feel warranted in premising that we are destined to be a great and glorious people. Rome, in her palmiest days, 'was no whar.' Already we boast of more pretty women, fatter babies, and first class rum mills than any other town in the Territory of twice our population. But I must not loose sight of the fact, that we are just now troubled with

DULL TIMES.

Stocks are down, and as they constitute the great staple of this country, it naturally follows that other branches of business suffer proportionately. Some of our leading stock—as for instance Gould & Curry, Ophir, and Savage—have declined, within the last month, from twenty-five to fifty per cent, with few transactions, while such a profound fear of the scratch of the Wild Cat is entertained that scarcely a single sale in stocks of that character is reported. Many reasons are assigned for the depressed state of the stock market, but the main reason is doubtless attributable to the disposition manifested by Congress to impose a heavy tax upon the gross proceeds of the mines.—Mean time the 'honest miner,' invariably moved by every breeze of fortune or good report, not discouraged by this contemplated blow at his hopes and energies, continues to brave the perils of the frontier, and the privations and hardships incident to exploring wild and desolate regions. The most recent stampede from here was to

JORDAN CREEK.

From what I can learn it will be found that 'Jordan is a hard road to travel.' I met a gentleman, a few days ago from there, who draws a gloomy picture of things. His statement of the scarcity of provisions, &c., would justify the prediction that before fall many disappointed Jordan Creek adventurers may be heard in the language of the good old song exclaim,

'On Jordan's stormy banks I stand
And cast a wishful eye,'
To California's happy land
Where—beans and pork I'd buy.

The next biggest humbug to Jordon Creek, is

NEVADA TO BE A STATE.

There are some strange, if not irregular proceedings connected with this matter that I think deserves ventilating. As you will remember a constitution was formed for Nevada late last fall, but when submitted for the popular approval, it was overwhelmingly rejected. In the face of all the evidence, that the people felt too weak to clothe themselves in the habiliments of a State Government, Congress passes an Enabling act for us, and provides therein, that we *shall* form a Constitution, also appoints a day upon which it *shall* be submitted to the people, and in case of a ratification, and in the event that Congress is not in session, 'the Government' (Old Abe) is to examine the document, and if it suits him, he is to declare by proclamation (his 'strong suit') Nevada a member of the Union. I believe the whole affair to be a gross usurpation and outrage and forbear further comment. However, I should have mentioned that in conformity with the act of Congress in question, we have recently elected delegates to a Constitutional Convention. But little interest was exhibited in the matter, there being not over an aggregate of four thousand votes polled in the Territory. This speaks loud for the opposition and but little fear need be apprehended that the people of Nevada will saddle upon themselves the responsibilities of a State Government.

THEATRICAL.

Things in this line have been brisk here the past winter and spring, most of the 'Stars' having visited us. The first in order was the renowned Artemus who created a perfect *furore* of excitement among our theater going people, but then came the Menken who completely outstripped him. Her bearbacked performance of Mazeppa was said to be excellent. It is said that she heaved any amount of soul in sight—made a good raise, put on her clothes and left. The news of the re-nomination of 'the Government' was well received by the miscegenationists here. 'Gold 2—wires down.'

QUITMAN.

DARING ATTEMPT AT ROBBERY.—The Folsom *Telegraph* of the 11th gives the following account of an attempt to rob the stage near Georgetown, Eldorado county, on the morning of the 7th instant:

"A short distance this side of Georgetown, the Georgetown stage, driven by James Orr, was stopped by six robbers, all of whom were masked. They rushed from the bushes and each levelled a double barrelled gun upon Mr. Orr, and commanded him to stop; which under such circumstances, he was compelled to do.—There were no passengers in the stage; they then blew open the safe and found nothing in it, fortunately that morning there was no treasure on board, and they informed Mr. Orr that they ought to be more accommodating; when they had no treasure they should leave the safe unlocked. This is the second time this stage has been stopped within the last few months. The Express company have offered a reward of $500 for the apprehension of the robbers."

LETTER FROM SAN FRANCISCO.

[FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT.]

SAN FRANCISCO, June 15th, 1864.

EDITOR ENQUIRER:—The funeral of Edward Buechel took place yesterday. The procession was a very large one and the hearse was preceded by a band of sixty instruments whose solemn strains of funeral music were alike imposing and impressive. The fact that one of the marches that they played was composed by him on his death bed, contributed not a little to the solemnity of the ceremonial. The entire musical fraternity of this city turned out to do him these last honors, and when consigned to his last resting place, in Lone Mountain Cemetery, there were many friends to give utterance to the pious wish *requiescat in pace.*

BARBAROUS OUTRAGE.

A few days ago three brutes in the shape of men, and who are yet unhung, we are sorry to say, got possession of a young girl named Theresa Ford, and thrusting her into a hack (No. 18) forcibly carried her off to a notorious hell-hole known as "the Abbey," on Howard street, near the Mission. Here they subjected the poor unfortunate to the most shameless indignities. Brutally outrageous, they only desisted when their hapless victim became wholly unconscious of her situation, and was unable either to struggle or protest against their savage ruffianism. In this condition they returned with her to town, and left the poor creature, all torn and bleeding, and divested of apparel, at a public brothel. The perpetrators of the outrage were by the Attorney of the People, charged with "assault and battery," one of them sentenced to nine months imprisonment, the other fined four hundred dollars in greenbacks! For an offence which civilized nations, throughout all time, have visited with the death penalty, these diabolical desperadoes escape with a punishment such as is meted out in a case of petty larceny. Verily such a rendering of law is little better than a farce, and even yet it does seem incredible that these vile criminals are again at liberty, enjoying the sunlight when their filthy bodies should be rotting in felon graves. But it is useless to write further, for it avails nothing. The poor girl is by the conditions of her life, friendless, and when the majesty of the law fails to protect her, we may well fear for the security and peace of society. (Note, is it possible that the administrators of justice are copperheads?) and we ask the question because, Kelly, the hackman, Daly the bruiser, and Tully, the runner, have escaped hanging? or did the administration of a loyal oath save the infernal hounds from a punishment so richly merited? That there is a screw loose somewhere is beyond controversy.

HOOK AND LADDER CO., NO. 1,

celebrate their fourteenth anniversary to-day, and their truck presents a very gay appearance, decorated as it is with wreaths of roses, and the irrepressible flag in countless numbers. The gallant fellows make a fine turn out indeed, and while their lithe forms, elastic tread, and manly bearing attracts the attention of the fair, they should be satisfied.

THE GLORIOUS FOURTH.

Dr. Sheldon, the Grand Marshal, is pushing his arrangement with great energy, and will doubtless succeed in organizing a display worthy of the anniversary of American Independence. Our citizens are all on the *qui vive* as the day approaches, and it is expected that very many of our country cousins will visit us to join in the celebration and enjoy the good things contrived for their edification. With the exception of the "Board of Education" all our societies and other bodies have entered with refreshing heartiness upon their several shares in the programme, so that even without the very learned "Board" the festival must be a success. A word as to the difficulty with the "Board of Education." It appears that the Marshal had printed upon his cards of invitation "the Union as it was—the Union now and forever. At the phrase "the Union as it was," the Board take umbrage, declaring it a positive insult to any loyal community to be asked to join in the celebration of the day as appointed by Pater Patræ. The loyalty that will not celebrate "the Union as it was," has a bogus ring to the ears of "loyalists" who keep the birthday of "*their country*," but the very term "loyalty" is now-a-days

"Defiled to most ignoble use."

In short, it has come to be applied in cases where we deem it stenographically written and wanting its qualifying prefixt "dis." "Measures not men," was the olden cry of loyalty, for no man or party of men, can interfere with the allegiance of the people to their country, whereas, to-day the cry is too often the reverse of the old one, and is "men not measures." Our fathers toasted the "Union." But what of that? fossilized old fogies, they were but fools in comparison with their wiser children. The "Union" that from 1787 to 1861, was the watchword of a great and prosperous people, has become a reproach and a bye-word of disgrace.—'Tis treasonable to breathe it. 'Tis fine and imprisonment on the Fourth of July or any other day to drink to the toast of our fathers. *Sic transit gloria mundi.*

A HEALTHY SIGN.

The new steamer "Golden Rule," of the People's Opposition Line, will leave New York on the 23d of this month for Aspinwall, to connect with the America on the Pacific. This is an evidence of prosperity which must be gratifying to the traveling community as well as to the original proprietors of the line, and is in a manner a pledge that the old monopoly of extortionate charges will not have the entire carrying trade between here and New York. As the People's Line increase their means of giving speedy and comfortable passage, the old line will be compelled to reduce its rates of fare.

L'ORIGNAL.

THE MURDER OF RAMON CARILLO.—The following card from Senor Pacheco, State Treasurer of California, appears in the Sacramento *Union* of the 9th:

MESSRS. EDITORS:—Having seen in the Union of this date an article copied from the San Francisco Evening Bulletin in relation to the murder of Ramon Carillo, near Los Angeles, on the 31st ultimo, permit me to state that Ramon Carillo was ever classed as one of the bravest of men. He was generous and noble-hearted, and beloved by all who knew him, excepting those who without cause or provocation, sought his life, and who, true to their repeated threats, finally assassinated him. He was not a desparado; had not been the terror of his countrymen or of his own family and relatives, and possessed too high a sense of honor and self-respect ever to have been connected with outlaws.

ROMUALDO PACHECO.

SACRAMENTO, June 8, 1864.

The Boston Traveler says that Gen. Halleck, as General-in-Chief, has done some things that were very *difficult*. Prentice says: "Pity some of them had not been *impossible*."

Mining Notices.

IRONSIDE GOLD AFD SILVER MINING COMpany, mine and works located in Boundary Line District, Placercounty, California.—Notice.—There is delinquent upon the following described stock of the above named company, on account of assessments levied May 11th, 1864, the several amounts set opposithe to the names of the respective shareholders, as follows:

Names.	Ass'ts	Certs.	Shares	Am't.
J Ellison	4	46	25	$2 50
J Ellison	4	4	25	2 50
S Ellis9n	4	4	25	2 50
J Ellis n	4	4	25	2 50
A B Gallatin	4		25	2 50
A B Gallatin	4		25	2 50
A B Gallatin	4	1	25	2 50
A B Gallatin	4	1	25	2 50
H B Hollowell	1, 3, 4,		50	6 75
H B Hollowell	1, 3, 4,		50	6 75
H B Hollowell	1, 3, 4,	3	25	3 38
H B Hollowell	1, 3, 4,	3	25	3 38
H B Hollowell	1, 3, 4,	3	25	3 37
H B Hollowell	1, 3, 4,	3	25	3 37
M Heath	4	not issued	200	20 00
M L Foster	4	75	5	50

And in accordance with the laws of the State of California and an order of the Board of Trustees made on the 11th day of May, 1864, so many shares of each parcel of said stock as may be necessary will be sold at public auction to the highest bidder for cash, in U. S. gold coin, in front of the office of the company, in Dutch Flat, Placer county, on the 30th day of June, 1864, at 11 o'clock, A. M., to pay said delinquent assessments together with the costs of advertising and expenses of sale.

L. M. ELLIS, Secretary.

June 12, 1864. 2w. Office, Dutch Flat, Cal.

U. S. GRANT GOLD AND SILVER MINING Company, mine and works located in Summit District, Placer county, California.—Notice, there is delinquent upon the following described stock of the above named company on account of assessments, levied May 10th, 1864, the several amounts set opposite the names of the respective shareholders, as follows:

Names.	Ass'ts.	Certs.	Shrs	Amt.
Bardswell J	1	not issued	20	$10 00
Brace W A	1	58	1	50
Cummings J F	1	3	10	5 00
Cummings J F	1	4	2	1 00
Cummings J F	1	5	1½	75
Cummings J F	1	6	1½	75
Cummings J F	1	9	4	2 00
Calvin J C	1	not issued	20	10 00
Gunelson G	1	175	5	2 50
Johnson J	1	182	3	1 50
Rush W	1	not issued	20	10 00
Snider W	1	78	1	50
Walsh J	1	74	10	5 00
Walsh J	1	75	5	2 50
Walsh J	1	76	4	2 00
Walsh N	1	not issued	20	10 00
Wilty J	1	not issued	20	10 00

And in accordance with the law of the State of California, and an order of the Board of Trustees, made on the 10th day of May, 1864, so many shares of each parcel of said stock as may be necessary, will be sold at public auction, to the highest bidder for cash, in U. S. gold coin, in front of the office of the company, in Iowa Hill, Placer county, on the 30th day of June, 1864, at 11 o'clock, A. M., to pay said delinquent assessments, together with the cost of advertising and expenses of sale.

JAS. N. MAKINS, Secretary.

Office, Iowa Hill, Placer County, June 15th, 1864.

EMPIRE Gold and Silver Mining Company, Lofty District.—Notice is hereby given that the First Annual Meeting of the stockholders will be held on Monday, the 4th day of July, 1864, at 7 o'clock, P. M., at the office of the company in Dutch Flat, for the purpose of electing a board of Trustees to serve for the ensuing year, and to transact other business pertaining to the company.

By order of the Board of Trustees,

JOHN DAMSGUARD, Sec'y.

May 31, 1854. 1t

VAN WERT Gold and Silver Mining Company, Lofty District, Excelsior Ledge.—Notice is hereby given that at a meeting of the Trustees of said company held on the 30th day of May, 1864, an assessment of five (5) cents per share was levied upon the capital stock of said company, payable in U. S. gold coin, on or before the 30th day of June, 1864, to the Secretary, at his office in Dutch Flat, California. Any stock upon which said assessment shall remain unpaid on the 1st day of July, 1864, will be advertised on that day as delinquent, and unless payment shall be made before, will be sold on the 16th day of July, 1864 to pay the delinquent assessment, together with the costs of advertising and expenses of sale.

J. S. CONGROVE, Secretary.

Dutch Flat, May 31, 1864. 4t

FOREST Gold and Silver Mining Company, Lofty District.—Notice is hereby given that at a meeting of the Trustees of said company held on the 25th day of May, 1854, an assessment of five (5) cents per share was levied upon the capital stock of said company, payable within thirty days of above date to the Secretary at his office in Dutch Flat, in U S. gold coin. Any stock upon which said assessment shall remain unpaid on the 25th day of June, 1864, will be advertised on that day as delinquent, and unless payment shall be made before, will be sold on the 7th day of July, 1864 to pay the delinquent assessment, together with the costs of advertising and expenses of sale.

By order of the Trustees,

JOHN DAMSGUARD, Secretary.

May 24, 1864. 4t

DAMUSCUS Gold and Silver Mining Company, Red, White and Blue District, Placer county, California, Boundary Line District.—Notice is hereby given that at a meeting of the Trustees of said company, held on the 21st day of May, 1864, an assessment of one ($1) dollar per share was levied upon the capital stock of said company payable immediately in U. S gold coin to the Secretary at his office in Damascus, Placer county, Cal. Any stock upon which said assessment shall remain unpaid on the 23d day of June, 1864, will be advertised on that day as delinquent, and unless payment shall be made on or before, will be sold on Monday, the 11th day of July, 1864 to pay the delinquent assessment, together with costs of advertising and expenses of sale.

M. H. POWER, Secretary.

Damascus, Placer county, Cal., May 21, 1864 4t.

GRAND TURK Gold and Silver Mining Company, Boundary Line District, Placer county, Cal.—Notice is hereby given that at a meeting of the Trustees of said company held on the 19th day of June, 1864, an assessment of five (5) cents per share was levied upon the capital stock of said company, payable immediately. in U. S. coin to the Secretary, at his office in Dutch Flat. Any stock upon which said assessment shall remain unpaid on the 20th day of June, 1864, will be advertised on that day as delinquent, and unless payment shall be made before will be sold on the 6th day of July, 1864 to pay delinquent assesments together with the costs of advertising and expenses of sale.

J. B. BOUST, Sec.

May 19, 1864-1m

AMERICAN EAGLE Gold and Silver Mining Company, Lofty District, Washoe county, N. T.—Notice is hereby given that at a meeting of the Trustees of said company held on the 21st day of May, 1864, an assessment of four [5] cents per share was levied upon the capital stock of said company, payable immediately to the Secretary, in U. S. gold or silver coin, at his office in Dutch Flat, Placer Co. Any stock upon which said assessment shall remain unpaid on the 1st day of July, 1864, will be advertised on that day as delinquent, and unless payment shall be made before will be sold on the 16th day of July, 1864 to pay the delinquent assessment together with the costs of advertising and expenses of sale.

M. H. ALDERWOOD, Sec'y.

Dutch Flat. June 1, 1864. 1t

UNION Gold and Silver Mining Company, Boundary Line District, Placer county, California.—Notice is hereby given that at a meeting of the Trustees of said company held on the 23d day of May, 1864, an assessment of five (5) cents per share was levied upon the capital stock of said company, payable immediately in U. S. gold coin to the Secretary, at his office in Dutch Flat, Placer county, Cal. Any stock upon which said assessment shall remain unpaid on the 25th day of June, 1864 will be advertised on that day as delinquent, and unless payment shall be made on or before, will be sold on Saturday, the 9th day of June, 1864 to pay the delinquent assessment together with costs of advertising and expenses of sale.

E. B. BOUST, Secretary.

Dutch Flat, May 23, 1864. 4t.

Mining Notices.

WASHINGTON GOLD AND SILVER MINing Company, Mine and works in Table Mountain District, Placer county, Cal.—Notice, there is delinquent upon the following described stock of the above named company, on account of assessements levied May 10th, 1864, the several amounts set opposite the names of the respective shareholders, as follows:

Names	Ass'ts.	Cert's.	Shrs	Amt.
Abele Wm	1	83	5	$2 50
Abele, Wm	1	84	5	2 50
Abele, Wm	1	85	5	2 50
Abele, Wm	1	86	5	2 50
Calvin, James	1	112	10	5 00
Calvin, James	1	113	10	5 00
Coleman, B	1	111	5	2 50
Davis, T J	1	66	10	5 00
Hart, James	1	47	5	2 50
Hart, James	1	49	5	2 50
Hart, James	1	50	1	50
Hart, James	1	51	1	50
Hart, James	1	52	1	50
Hart, James	1	53	1	50
Hart, James	1	43	1	50
Hart, James	1	115	3	1 50
McDaniel, R J	1	68	5	2 50
McDaniel, R J	1	69	5	2 50
McDaniel, R J	1	70	5	2 50
McDaniel, R J	1	71	5	2 50
McGough, O	1	55	10	5 00
McGough, O	1	56	5	2 50
McGough, O	1	57	5	2 50
Murphy, James	1	67	10	5 00
Petteson, O H	1	8	2½	1 25
Prestinari, Chas	1	38	2½	1 25
Parker, John	1	12	5	2 50
Shepherd, J G	1	41	2½	1 25
Snitger, L	1	87	5	2 50
Snitger, L	1	88	5	2 50
Snitger, L	1	89	5	2 50
Snitger, L	1	90	5	2 50
Witthofft, C S	1	45	5	2 50
Witthofft, C S	1	46	5	2 50
Witthofft, H	1	not issued	20	10 00

And in accordance with the laws of the State of California and an order of the Board of Trustees made on the 10th day of May, 1864, so many shares of each parcel of said stock as may be necessary will be sold at public auction to the highest bidder for cash in U. S. gold coin, in front of the office of the Company in Iowa Hill, Placer county, on the 28th day of June, 1864, at 10 o'clock, A. M., to pay said delinquent assessments together with costs of advertising and expenses of sale.

W. D. LAWRENCE, Secretary,

June 7. 1864. Office, Iowa Hill, Placer county.

IOWA HILL GOLD AND SILVER MINING Company, Mine and works located in Summit District, Placer county, California. Notice, there is delinquent upon the following described stock of the above named company on account of assessments levied May 10th, 1864, the several amounts set opposite the names of the respective shareholders, as follows:

Names.	Assts.	Certs.	Shrs	Amt.
Abele, Wm	1	85	5	$5 00
Abele, Wm	1	86	5	5 00
Abele, Wm	1	87	5	5 00
Abele, Wm	1	88	5	5 00
Calvin, James	1	115	10	10 00
Calvin, James	1	116	10	10 00
Coleman, B	1	117	5	5 00
Davis, T J	1	69	10	10 00
Hart, James	1	52	2	2 00
Hart, James	1	53	1	1 00
Hart, James	1	54	1	1 00
Hart, James	1	55	1	1 00
Hart, James	1	56	1	1 00
Hart, James	1	57	1	1 00
Hart, James	1	119	1	1 00
Kidd, Chas E	1	39	2	2 00
McDaniel, R J	1	71	5	5 00
McDaniel, R J	1	72	5	5 00
McDaniel, R J	1	73	5	5 00
McDaniel, R J	1	74	5	5 00
McGough, Owen	1	58	10	10 00
McGough, Owen	1	59	5	5 00
McGough, Owen	1	60	5	5 00
Murphy, James	1	70	10	10 00
Petteson, O H	1	10	5	5 00
Parker, John	1	12	5	5 00
Shepherd, J G	1	40	2	2 00
Shepherd, J G	1	41	2	2 00
Snitger, L	1	89	5	5 00
Snitger, L	1	90	5	5 90
Snitger, L	1	91	5	5 00
Snitger, L	1	92	5	5 00
Witthofft, C S	1	48	5	5 00
Witthofft, C S	1	49	5	3 00
Witthofft, C S	1	50	2	2 00
Witthofft, H	1	not issued	20	20 00

And in accordance with the laws of the State of California and an order of the Board of Trustees made on the 10th day of May, 1864, so many shares of each parcel of said stock as may be necessary will be sold at public auction to the highest bidder for cash, in U. S. gold coin, in front of the office of the company, in Iowa Hill, Placer county, on the 28th day of June, 1864, at 11 o'clock, A. M., to pay said delinquent assessments together with the costs of advertising and expenses of sale.

W. D. LAWRENCE, Secretary,

June 7, 1864. Office, Iowa Hill, Placer Co.

MILTON GOLD AND SILVER MINING COMpany, Summit District, (Squaw Valley,) Placer county.—There is delinquent upon the following described stock, on account of assessment levied on the 30th of April, 1864, the several amounts set opposite the names of the respective shareholdersas follows:

Names	No. Assm't.	No. Cert'cate.	No. Shares.	Am't Due.
Owen Garrity	3	7	25	$2 50
Chris Queen	3	10, 11	50	5 00
J H Plummer	3	41	40	4 09
Wm Smith	3	49, 50	70	7 00
T Bentley	2	70	25	2 50
S Smith	3	71	25	2 50
Noah Andrews	3	93	25	2 50
Moses Arnold	3	not issued	50	5 00
C A Brown	3	105, 112 to 116,	400	40 00
F R Fish	3	145 to 147, 149 to 152, 155,	165	16 50
J Hanford	3	not issued	35	3 50
J J Johnson	3	not issued	45	4 50
Wm Schutz	3	not issued	200	20 00
H Wright	3	18 & 100 not iss.	120	12 00
G P S O Lepper	3	78	25	2 50
F E Cannon	3	19, 79	120	12 00
Isaac Hubbell	3	136	40	4 00
James Hart	3	159	10	1 00
E Dupuis	3	163	15	1 50
Thomas Connon	3	167	10	1 00
M Flick	3	170	15	1 50
G G Prout	3	171	6	60
E. H Richardson	3	31, 33,	50	5 00
W B. Lyon	3	48, 160	29	3 00

And in accordance with law and an order of the Board of Trustees made on the 30th of April, so many shares of each parcel of said stock as may be necessary will be sold at the office of the Secretary, at Wisconsin Hill, on 23d, day of June, 1864, at the hour of 1 o'clock, P. M., to pay said delinquent assessment thereon, together with costs of advertising and expenses of sale.

WM. A. HOUSEL, Secretary,

Office, Wisconsin Hill, Cal., June 5, 1864. jel1 2w

CHAUTAUQUE Gold and Silver Mining Company, Red, White and Blue District, Placer Co., Cal.—Notice is hereby given that at a meeting of the Trustees of said company held on the 21st day of May, 1864, an assessment of ten (10) cents per share was levied upon the capital stock of said company, payable immediately in U. S. gold coin to the Secretary, at his office in Damascus, Placer county, Cal. Any stock upon which said assessment shall remain unpaid on the 23d day of June, 1864, will be advertised on that day as delinquent, and unless payment shall be made on or before, will be sold on Monday the 11th day of July, 1864 to pay the delinquent assessment together with costs of advertising and expenses of sale.

M. H. POWER, Secretary,

Damuscus, Placer co., Cal., May 21, 1864. 4t.

W. H. KEELER,

Watchmaker and Jeweler.

HAVING JUST RETURNED FROM the Eastern States would announce to the public that he has reopened his old store on Main street, Dutch Flat, one door above the Dutch Flat Water company's office, where he would be pleased to see his old friends and customers and all others who desire anything done in his line. All work done in a neat and workmanlike manner and warranted to give satisfaction. Nov. 13, 1863-tf.

DUTCH FLAT ENQUIRER.

TO OUR SUPERINTENDENTS,

HON. JOHN SWETT AND A. H. GOODRICH.

[The following lines were written by one of the Lady Teachers of this County, and read at the close of the session of the late Teachers' Institute held in this place.—ED. ENQ.]

Here, upon the eve of parting,
Ere is heard the word good bye,
Offer we our humble tribute,
To your worth and mission high;
Bring not bright flowers of rhetoric,
Nor the smooth and flowing rhyme,
But a single heart-felt offering
Gathered from the leaves of time.

Yours a work, the highest, holiest,
That to man could be assigned:
Calling out the powers God granted
When He formed the human mind.
Yours the task to choose the workmen
That shall build no tinselled dome,
But to form a thing of beauty,
Fit to grace proud Freedom's Throne.

Yours to give those workers courage,
Should their hearts grow faint with care;
Such as you, in days departed,
Have been called upon to bear.
And to point out *better* methods,
Where their own are found at fault;
Tell them, though they be in error,
Not to falter, nor to halt.

For we cannot all be perfect,
While a page remains unread
Of the glorious book of Nature,
Which should light the path we tread—
They must still renew their efforts,
And, well performed their part,
Speak to them in words of comfort
That shall tend to soothe the heart.

Ye are worthy of this office;
Fit to lead this prilgrim band,
For you pay the coin of kindness
With a free and liberal hand.
Ne'er forgetful of a duty,
Leaving in your work no blanks,
And for this, the friends of learning
Owe you a debt of thanks.

June 10th, 1864.

THE ROAD.—Since the Dutch Flat and Donner Lake wagon road was thrown open to the public several large teams have passed over it, and the teamsters express themselves well pleased with the grade, pronouncing it the best in the State, saying that the only thing lacking about it is the firmness which is only found on old roads; this, however, will soon be remedied, for teams are now constantly passing through town bound for Nevada Territory, and will soon pack the road. The Stages of the California Stage Company will commence running on this road the first of July.

The Stages now leave here for New Castle at 5 o'clock, A. M., and arrive at 2 P. M. Notice Advertisement.

The following is an extract from Fremont's letter of acceptance to the Cleveland Convention. His impudence is only equalled by his ignorance. *He* talk of a useless expenditure of money! Well, that *is* rich. He says he has sought *active* service fruitlessly. We think the "rail-splitter" is worthy of great commendation for not allowing Fremont to waste any *more* treasure; there was no danger about the lives of the men, so long as they would keep near their General.

"If the Convention at Baltimore will nominate any man whose past life justifies well grounded confidence in his fidelity to our cardinal principles, there is no reason why there should be any division among the really patriotic men of the country. To any such, I shall be most happy to give a cordial and active support. My own decided preference is to aid in this way, and not be myself a candidate; but if Lincoln is renominated, (as I believe it would be fatal to the country to indorse his policy and renew the power which has cost us the lives of thousands, and needlessly put the country on the road to bankruptcy,) there will remain no alternative but to organize against him every element of conscientious opposition, with the view to prevent the misfortune of his re-election. In this contingency I accept the nomination at Cleveland, and as a preliminary step have resigned my commission in the army.—This was a sacrifice which gave me pain, but I had for a long time fruitlessly endeavored to obtain service. I make this sacrifice now only to regain my liberty of speech, and leave nothing in the way of discharging to my utmost ability the task you have set before me."

"John Cochrane has also written a letter accepting the nomination for Vice-President."

LEE & RYLAND'S

GREAT EQUESCURRICULUM

AND

CAMEL SHOW!

MESSRS. LEE & RYLAND, both well and favorably known as gentlemanly and worthy managers, announce to the citizens of Dutch Flat and vicinity that they have at an immense expense organized the best company of

EQUESTRIANS!
GYMNASTS!
POSTINE-MASTERS!
JUGGLERS, ETC.,

Ever brought before a California audience.

They have also at a great expense purchased

Three Camels!

Which they have trained and will perform some wonderful and amusing feats.

They will perform at Dutch Flat on
Monday, Evening, June 20th, 1864.

Doors open at 7, performance commence at 8.
Price of admission $1; Children under ten years, 50 cents.
P. S. In addition to the above, Joseph Beebee's Brass Band will discourse beautiful music outside of the Pavilion. J. A. ROWE, General Agent.

EXCELSIOR Gold and Silver Mining Company, Excelsior District, Nevada county, Cal.—Notice is hereby given that at a meeting of the Trustees of the above named company, held at Dutch Flat, on the 10th day of May, 1864, an assessment of four (4) cents per share was levied upon the capital stock of said company, payable immediately, in U. S. gold or silver coin, to the Secretary at his office in Dutch Flat. Any stock upon which said assessment shall remain unpaid on the 17th day of June, 1864, will be advertised on that day as delinquent, and unless payment shall be made before will be sold on the 28th day of June, 1864, to pay the delinquent assessments together with the costs of advertising and expense of sale. J. E. MEYER,
May 16, 1864-1m Secretary.

At a meeting of the Trustees of the above named company, the time for payment of the assessment levied was postponed to July 1st, 1864.
J. E. MEYER, Secretary.

A HEAVY WAGER.—We saw a gentleman in the Pacific Fruit Market, Saturday, purchasing 246 apples to meet the requirements of a wager. On inquiry, we learned that, ten months since, the purchaser of the apples made a wager with a well-known fruit merchant of San Francisco, the terms of which were as follows: If the Federal forces did not capture Richmond within thirty days from that date, he was to give his opponent a single sound eatable apple; if Richmond held out sixty days, he was to give him two apples, and so on, doubling the number for each month until Richmond was taken—to the end of time if that event did not occur before. Nine months have passed since the first apple was handed over, and the list of apples delivered at the end of the successive months is as follows: 1, 2, 4, 8, 16, 32, 64, 128, 256—total, 511. Thus far, it is all a good joke, and the loser has paid forfeits regularly, with a good grace, but, yesterday, it ruined a $10 piece to meet the demand (apples are 15 to 20 cents per pound and it took a 50-pound box.) Should Richmond be taken within the present month, he would get back all the apples he has lost and one more, which, as the price will then be at the very highest notch, would make him more than even; but, should it hold out a year longer, and he continue to pay his losses, his last payment would cost him $40,950, and he would be $81,900 out; in three months more, he would be out $685,30; and, should the war last from this date as much longer as it has already lasted since its commencement, no nation on earth could begin to meet the terms of the wager, even allowing it to be reduced to a cash basis, and the payments to be made in greenbacks.—*Alta.*

A CURIOSITY.—The Virginia *Union* of the 10th learns from some Mormon teamsters just arrived there that the remains of an Indian have been found near Salt Lake completely imbeded in rock salt, four feet below the surface. The body was in a perfect state of preservation, and from appearances had lain in the same position for many years, or perhaps for ages. The flesh was perfectly dry, like that of a mummy, and it was evident that it had been perfectly saturated with brine, which prevented its decay. The Indian was about the usual size, and resembled the Piutes that now inhabit the same locality. Part of a bear-skin and a rude bow were found near by, and at a distance of a few yards a pair of elk horns of enormous size were disinterred. The supposition is that this entire salt bed was once a lake, and that the animal that had been wounded had taken refuge in the water, whither he was followed by the Indian, who sank into the mud at the bottom and was unable to extricate himself, and thus perished. The body was in a sitting posture, and the presence of the weapons and the proximity of the remains of the elk point to this conclusion.

☞ THE Nevada *Gazette* says that somebody has been stealing its thunder. Whoever is guilty of such contemptible meanness ought to be hung.

Advertisements.

J. H. LEBAMP. R. HUDEPOHL

BOOT, SHOE AND DRY GOODS STORE,

MAIN STREET, DUTCH FLAT.

R. HUDEPOHL & CO., RESPECTFULLY informs the public of Dutch Flat that they have on hand and are constantly receiving a well assorted stock of

COATS, PANTS, VESTS,
BOOTS, SHOES, GAITERS,
BLANKETS, TRUNKS, VALISES,
LADIES', MISSES' AND CHILDRENS'
GAITERS, SHOES AND TIES.

From the most celebrated Eastern manufactories together with an excellent supply of

Gentlemens' Furnishing Goods,

Which they are enabled, from their connection with house below, to sell at the lowest market prices.

☞ Particular attention paid to the manufacturing and repairing of boots and shoes. ap3-tf

Insolvent Notice.

In the County Court of the county of Placer, State of California.—In the matter of the petition of C. P. Reno., an Insolvent Debter.

PURSUANT to an order of the Hon. H. Fellows, Judge of said Court, notice is hereby given to all the creditors of said Insolvent, C. P. Reno, to be and appear before the Hon. H. Fellows, aforesaid, in open Court, at the Court Room of said Court, in the county of Placer, on the 23d day of June, A. D. 1864, at 10 o'clock, A. M., of that day, then and there to show cause, if any they can, why the prayer of said Insolvent should not be granted, and an assignment of his estate be made, and he be discharged from his debts and liabilities, in pursuance of the statute in such case make and provided; and in the meantime all proceedings against said Insolvent be stayed.

Witness my hand and the seal of said Court, this 23d day of May, A. D. 1864. D. W. SPEAR, Clk.
By A. N. GAMBELL, Deputy.
L. B. Arnold, Petitioner's Att'y. my23-4w

CENTRAL PACIFIC RAILROAD

ON AND AFTER MONDAY, JUNE 6, 1864, until further notice, the trains of the Central Pacific Railroad will be run as follows:

UP TRAINS LEAVE

Sacramento at 6:15 A. M., Arrive at Newcastle at 7:30 A. M.
Sacramento at 1 P. M., Arrive at Newcastle at 3:30 P. M.
Sacramento at 5 P. M., Arrive at Newcastle at 6:30 P. M.

DOWN TRAINS LEAVE

Newcastle at 6:45 A. M., Arrive at Sacramento at 8:40 A. M.
Newcastle at 10:30 A. M., Arrive at Sacramento at 12 M.
Newcastle at 5 P. M., Arrive at Sacramento at 6:40 P. M.

The 6:15 A. M. and 5 P. M. up trains connect at the junction with the cars of the California Central Railroad for Lincoln.

The 6:45 A. M. down train receives passengers from Folsom for Sacramento; and the 10:30 A. M. train connects at the same place with the cars for Folsom, and at Sacramento with the Steamers for San Francisco.

On Sunday one train only will be run, leaving Sacramento at 6:15 A. M., and Newcastle at 19:30 A. M.

Stages for Virginia City, Dutch Flat, Nevada and intermediate places connect with the cars at Newcastle at 7:30 A. M. Stages for Marysville and other points north connect at Lincoln at 7:30 A. M.

LELAND STANFORD,
jel1 President C. P. R. R. Co.

OPPOSITION STEAMER DAY

JUNE 23rd.

THE OPPOSITION STEAMSHIP

MOSES TAYLOR,

T. H. MORTON.....Commander

Will be dispatched

FOR PANAMA,

ON THURSDAY.....June 23d, 1864.

From Mission street wharf, at 9 o'clock, A. M.,

Connecting at Aspinwall via PANAMA RAILROAD, with the magnificent Steamship

GOLDEN RULE,

3,500 TONS BURTHEN.

☞ The GOLDEN RULE is the largest, fastest, and most elegant steamship on the Atlantic Ocean.

☞ For further information or passage, apply to

L. K. ROBERTS, Agent,
Corner of Battery and Pine streets,
jul-1d Up Stairs, San Francisco.

Special Notices.

OLIVE LODGE, No. 81, I. O. O. F.

hold their regular meetings on Wednesday evening of each week.

Brothers in good standing are cordially invited.

F. BURCKHALTER, N. G.
J. M. CHILDS, Rec. Secretary. ja-1

Sore Throat, Cough, Cold.

and similar troubles, if suffered to progress, result in serious Pulmonary, Bronchial and Asthmatic affections, oftentimes incurable.

BROWN'S BRONCHIAL TROCHES

are compounded so as to reach directly the seat of the disease and give almost instant relief.

Agents for California, REDINGTON & Co., San Francisco. May 7.-1m

MRS. S. A. ALLEN,

A LADY OF WORLD-WIDE REPUTATION.

Mrs. S. A. Allen's World's Hair Restorer and Zylobalsammum or World's Hair Dressing are unequalled, and so acknowledged by all who use them for restoring, invigorating, beautifying and dressing the Hair, rendering it soft, silky and glossy, and disposing it to remain in any desired position; quickly cleansing the scalp, arresting the fall and imparting a healthy and natural color to the Hair. They never fail to restore grey Hair to its original youthful color. They act directly upon the roots of the Hair, giving them the natural nourishment required. No lady's toilet is complete without the Zylobalsammum or Hair Dressing. It cleanses hair and imparts to it a most delightful fragrance, and is suited to both young and old.

The Restorer Reproduces.
The Hair Dressing Cultivates and Beautifies.

If your hair is thin, try it; if scurfy, try it; if harsh, try it; if lustreless, try it; of none of these, try it, for all who use it will preserve their hair thro' life. For sale by all Druggists. Agents for California, Hostetter, Dean & Smith, San Francisco.

[may20-6m]

DISSOLUTION.—The co partnership heretofore existing under the name and style of Gross, Plummer & Boke was dissolved on the 10th day of May, 1864, by limitation. All persons indebted to the old firm are requested to make immediate payment to J. H. Boke or L. Gross, and those having claims against the same will present their accounts for settlement.

J. H. BOKE,
June 6, 1864. L. GROSS,
C. B. PLUMMER.

The business will hereafter be conducted at the old stand by the undersigned, who will be happy to see and wait upon their old friends and customers.

J. H. BOKE,
June 6, 1864. 1m L. GROSS.

CALIFORNIA STAGE LINE.

From Dutch Flat to Auburn Station.

ON AND AFTER THIS DATE, the Coaches of the "California Stage Company" will leave Dutch Flat daily, at 5 A. M., for Sacramento, connecting with the cars of the Sacramento, Placer & Nevada Railroad Co., at Auburn station at 10½ A. M., and arriving at Sacramento at 1¼ P. M., same day, connecting with the boats for San Francisco. Returning, leaves Sacramento at 6½ A. M., daily, connecting with the coaches at Auburn station at 9 A. M., arriving at Dutch Flat at 2 P. M.

This line connects at Auburn with the coaches for Forest Hill, Todd's Valley, Yankee Jim's and Michigan Bluffs; at Illinoistown, with coaches for Iowa Hill. Through tickets for all these points can be procured at the Stage office "What Cheer House," Sacramento; also, at the offices in the above named places for Sacramento or Folsom.

Passengers by this line can rely upon receiving every attention necessary for *safety, speed* and *comfort.* August 6, 1863.—tf.

Dry Goods and Clothing Store

OPENED IN DUTCH FLAT,

[A few doors below W & P. Nichols' Banking House,] by

CHARLES ADLER.

I have all the latest styles and patterns of Domestic and Foreign Dry Goods, Clothing, Boots, Shoes, &c., usually kept in any store in the State, which I sell at the lowest Cash prices.

☞ Call and examine my goods, whether you wish to pupchase or not. jan.20-tf

SECRETARIES OF MINING COMPANIES—ATTENTION!

CROCKER'S

STOCK and Assessment LEDGER!

Is the simplest, most economical, and useful book ever published.

☞ *COPYRIGHT SECURED.* ☜

WE have recieved over a hundred testimonials from different Secretaries in recommendation.

The Ledger is bound in three styles:

Half Morocco, Muslin sides..... $10 00
Full Bound, Sheep..... 14 00
Full Bound, Russia Bands..... 17 00

☞ LIBERAL TERMS AT WHOLESALE. ☜

Published and for sale, wholesale and retail, by

H. S. CROCKER & CO.,
Book and Job Printers, Sacramento.

CERTIFICATES OF STOCK,

AND COMPLETE SETS OF BOOKS FOR INCORPORATED COMPANIES

Got up in SUPERIOR STYLE, at the LOWEST RATES.
[ap14 3m]

PICTURE GALLERY!

NEARLY OPPOSITE THE THEATRE.

THE UNDERSIGNED INFORMS THE ladies and gentlemen of Dutch Flat and vicinity that having made improvements in the art, he is now prepared to take likenesses in any manner desired.

Ambrotypes and Photographs!

taken to order. Those desirous of sending their likenesses to the "Old Folks at Home" have now an opportunity. All work guaranteed to give satisfaction. O. B. SILVER.
May 28, 18 63.-tf.

DUTCH FLAT BAKERY,

SOUTH SIDE OF MAIN STREET.

HENRY RUNKLE.....PROPRIETOR.

THE PROPRIETOR OF THIS OLD ESTABlished Bakery tenders his thanks to the citizens of Dutch Flat and neighborhood for the very liberal and generous patronage heretofore bestowed and assures them that he will endeavor to keep up the reputation of his establishment. Fresh

Bread, Cakes and Pies

always on hand, together with an excellent assortment of

Wines, Liquors and Cigars!

and an attentive and accommodating clerk tender always ready to attend to the *spiritual* wants of those who may favor him with a call.

jan10-v4-tf

JOB WORK Correctly and expeditiously executed at this office.

Saloons and Billiards.

SENATE SALOON.

Main Street, Opposite the Express.

THE UNDERSIGNED DESIRES TO INFORM the citizens of Dutch Flat and his friends generally that he has leased this well known stand where he will constantly keep the best

Wines and Liquors

to be had in the market. Cigars of the best brands always on hand. A call from those partial to pure beverages solicited. DAVID MAYER.
November 12, 1863.-tf

PLACER BREWERY.

BOOMERANG.

THE UNDERSIGNED HAVING PURCHASED this well known establishment and favorite resort, will hereafter keep it in the best style having always on hand the best

Wines and Liquors!

Cigars and fresh brewed lager. By strict attention to business and accommodation to customers he hopes to obtain a share of public patronage. Call and see me.
March 13th, 1862.—tf J. F. MEYER.

BED ROCK SALOON,

MAIN STREET, DUTCH FLAT,

GEO. L. SLOCUMB,..... .....Proprietor.

KEEP CONSTANTLY on hand the finest

Wines, Brandies, Cigars

and playing cards in the market, in lots to suit customers. Billiard Balls, Cues and Cue Wafers purchased for customers at lowest city prices.
December 4, 1862.-tf

NATIONAL HOTEL.

MAIN STREET, DUTCH FLAT, CAL.

JAS. A. SHOEMAKER.....Proprietor.

THE PROPRIETOR IS DESIROUS OF INforming his friends and the public generally that he has thoroughly renovated and considerably improved his well known establishment, and is now prepared to accommodate all who may call upon him in a manner unsurpassed by any house in the mountains.

THE BAR

Is at all times furnished with the choicest liquors, wines, syrups and cigars, where an attentive and experienced bar-keeper may always be found to accommodate the patrons.

WELL AIRED ROOMS

and the cleanest of beds are features in this establishment now unequaled in the State.

Terms of board moderate, and accommodations of every description plenty. Feb. 18.-tf.

PLACER BUTCHER SHOP,

Corner of Sacramento and Main streets,

Dutch Flat, Cal.

F. GROHS, DESIRES TO INform the public that he constantly keeps on hand a good assortment of fresh BEEF, PORK, MUTTON and Homemade SAUSAGE, which he sells at the most reasonable rates. Persons at a distance supplied daily.
March 13, 1862—tf

DUTCH FLAT STEAM SAW MILL

THE DUTCH FLAT STEAM SAW MILL IS still in successful operation, where persons can secure the best lumber at the most reasonable rates. All orders filled with promptness, and lumber furnished on terms to make it an inducement to those in need of material to give us a call.

Sugar Pine Lumber

In large quantities, constantly on hand and for sale cheap. To those in want of lumber for

MINING PURPOSES!

We can supply orders with promptness, having superior facilities for sawing, we are enabled to present better inducemen for contracts.

To Builders and Contractors

Requiring lumber for building purposes, can be supplied with SEASONED LUMBER of every description on the shortest notice. All kinds of

LUMBER SAWED TO ORDER.

June 20, 1860. tf J. JONES & CO.

DUTCH FLAT SAW MILL!

THE ABOVE SAW MILL being the oldest established mill now in operation in the vicinity of Dutch Flat, having been lately repaired, is now capable of cutting lumber equal to the most celebrated mills in Placer county. We have on hand a general assortment of seasoned and green lumber, hard and soft lumber, and having

Reduced the Prices!

to correspond with the times, will sell as LOW if not a *little* lower than any other Saw Mill in this vicinity.

We are now receiving in the yard a large and superior lot of saw logs, and can fill orders for lumber with dispatch of all usual dimensions, varying in length from 10 to 30 feet.

Being situated within a few hundred yards of Dutch Flat, and convenient to most of the valuable mining claims, offer superior inducements to

Miners and Builders

Who will find it to their interest to give us a call before purchasing elsewhere.

☞ Lumber delivered to any point within ten miles. ALLEN TOWLE.
Dutch Flat, June 24th, 1860. tf

THEODORE SCHUBERT,

BOOT AND SHOE MANUFACTURER,

Main Street, Opposite the Placer Brewery.

THE UNDERSIGNED BEG LEAVE to call the attention of the residents of Dutch Flat and vicinity to the fact that he make to order boots of all grades from a

Fine Dress to a substantial Miner's Boot

Repairing done with neatness and dispatch. Our work is considered equal to the Philadelphia, New York or Boston manufacture. Call and examine.

THEODORE SCHUBERT.
Dutch Flat, May 21, 1862.-3m

Insolvent Notice.

In the County Court of the county of Placer, State of California.—In the matter of the petition of Stephen Hoos, an Insolvent Debter.

PURSUANT to an order of the Hon. H. Fellows, Judge of said County Court, notice is hereby given to all the creditors of the said Insolvent, Stephen Hoos, to be and appear before the Hon. H. Fellows aforesaid, in open court, at the Court Room of said Court, in the county of Placer, on the 23d day of June, A. D. 1864, at 10 o'clock, A. M., of that day, then and there to show cause, if any they can, why the prayer of said Insolvent should not be granted and an assignment of his estate be made, and he be discharged from his debts and liabilities, in pursuance of the statute in such case made and provided and in the meantime all proceedings against said Insolvent be stayed.

Witness my hand and the seal of said Court, this 23d day of May, A. D. 1864.

D. W. SPEAR, Clerk.
By A. N. GAMBELL, Deputy.
L. B. Arnold, Petitioner's Att'y. my28-4w

Patent Medicines.

We are agents for the following known Medicines and offer them at REDUCED PRICES:

Sands Sarsaparilla.
Ayers Sarsaparilla,
Myers Sarsaparilla and Yellow Dock,
Jaynes Expectorant,
Jaynes Alterative,
Jaynes Hair Tonic.
Ayers Pectoral and Cherry Cure,
Wistar's Bals Wild Cherry
Jaynes Sanative Pills,
Jaynes Ague Pills,
Ayers Pills,
Moffats Pills,
Cheesmans Pills,
Tildens Fluid Extracts,
Tildens Sugar Coated pills
Tilden's Pearls of Rhubarb and Calomel,
Moffats Phenix Bitters,

R. H. McDONALD & CO.,
SACRAMENTO,
R. H. McDONALD & CO.,
jun18-tf NEW YORK.

Drugs and Medicines.

R. H. McDONALD, J. G. SPRONGE,

R. H. McDONALD & CO.,

SACRAMENTO, CAL.

Wholesale Drug Importing House

R. H. McDONALD & Co.,

NEW YORK CITY.

The increasing business of our establishment, together with the wants of the trade, have made it necessary to establish a house in the city New York. Our R. H. McDonald is now in that city, and from the facilities for purchasing, shipping, etc., which we now have, we feel confident that we can supply the trade at much lower rates than heretofore.

WE INVITE ATTENTION TO OUR LARGE and carefully selected stock of superior

Drugs and Medicines,
Chemicals of all kinds,
Solid and Fluid Extracts
Shakers' Herbs,
Eclectic Preparations,
Patent Medicines,
Fancy Goods,
Trusses & Shoulder Br'e,
Abdominal Supporters,
Assayers' Materials,
Retorts and Crucibles,
Druggists Glassware,
Brewers' Stock,
Soda Water Material,
Paints and Oils,
Kerosene and Coal Oils,
Lard and Sperm Oils,
Camphene & burning fluid
Alcohol in Tin,

Together with a complete assortment of all articles in the Drug line. We do not intend to be undersold by any house in California. Orders respectfully solicited and goods forwarded to all parts of the Pacific coast and country.

R. H. McDONALD & CO.,
Importing Druggists, Sacramento.
R. H. McDONALD & CO., NEW YORK

The undersigned offer for sale,

300 Carboys Oil Vitriol, "Eastern;"
3000 lbs Nitric Acid, strong;
1500 lbs Citric Acid;
2000 lbs Muriatic Acid;
3000 lbs Powdered Tartaric Acid, best;
50 casks super Carb Soda;

500 ozs Sulph Quinine,
100 ozs Strychnine, pure
75 Sulph Morphine,
100 lbs Iodide Potassa
125 lbs Chloroform
106 lbs Calomel
1000 lbs Spts Nit and Aq Ammonia
600 lbs Balsam Copaiba
750 lbs Gum Arabic, white
2000 lbs Flors Sulphur
600 lbs Oil Lemon Bergamot
3300 gallons Kerosine Oil
1000 galls pure Lard Oil in tins
800 galls Camphene
1600 galls Alcohol, 95 per cent., in tins
1100 galls Linseed Oil
1000 galls Neatsfoot "olar and China Nut Oil
800 galls Castor Oil
Origanum, Peppermint
Sprue and Almonds
Paint Brushes
White-wash Brushes
Hair Brushes,
Tooth Brushes
Feather Dusters
10 bbls refined Lampblack
20 bbls Irish Moss
700 doz Wright's Pills
20 gross Brandreth's Pills
100 gross Moffat's, Ayer's Jayne's, Lee's and M. Lane's Pills
100 doz Myer's Sarsaparilla & Yellow Dock,
60 doz Lyon's Katharion
500 Jules Haules & Co.'s Extracts, Oils, Colognes, &c.
70 boxes Castile Soap genuine
90 Cases best Olive Oil
3000 lbs Sal Soda
60 bbls Resin
100 bbls Plaster Paris
40 bbls Marble Dust
20 bbls Whiting
300 lbs Shakers' Herbs, fresh
400 lbs pure Ground Sage fresh
6000 lbs pressed Hops in ¼, ½ and 1lb papers
2500 lbs Borax
3000 lbs assorted Paints in cans
One ton of Putty in binders and cans
20 bbls Dye woods
Varnishes of all kinds
10 cases Isinglass;
25 bbls Canary, Hemp, Flax and Coriander seeds. In quantities to suit, and at the lowest prices. Orders respectfully solicited.

R. H. McDONALD & CO.,
Importing and Wholesale Druggists,
Sacramento.
R. H McDONALD & CO., NEW YORK.

DENTAL

IMPORTING HOUSE.

R. H. McDONALD & CO.,

SACRAMENTO,

R. H. McDONALD & CO.,

NEW YORK.

WE respectfully invite the attention of the Dental Profession to our large and complete assortment of dental goods, the following comprising a part only:

Plain and Pivot Teeth,
Gum Teeth, large assort't,
Teeth for Vulcanite work,
gum & plain, great variety
Jones & White's gold foil,
Abbey & Son's Gold Foil,
Watt's Crystal Foil and Sponge Gold,
Tin Foil and Platina plate
Gold Plate and Solder,
Dental chairs & head rests,
Forceps, a large variety,
Files of all kinds,
Iron & Handled Pluggers and Scalers,
Steel and Wire Handled Pluggers and Scalers,
Excavators, burrs & drills
Screws, Punches, Hooks,
Brushes and Carundum Wheels,
Grindstones and Polishers,
Lathes,
Mouth Mirrors, different patterns.

DENTAL CASES.

Chevalier's Best, containing a large number of Instruments, Mouth Mirrors, etc. Cases made of mahogany, brass bound, with drawers, etc., all complete. Price according to size and style—from $75 to $175, each.

Anatomical Preparations.

Consisting of Upper and lower Maxillaries, carved exhibiting Nerves on one side and Artery and Vein on the other. Head, with carved Jaw, exposing fangs of Teeth, 32 in number.

Vulcanizers, Vulcanite Teeth, Rubber and everything for doing vulcanite work in the latest and most approved styles, together with nearly everything used by Dentists, all of which we shall sell at very low prices, and respectfully solicit Dentists to call and examine and price our goods.

Goods packed with care and forwarded, by express or otherwise, to all parts of the Pacific coast.

R. H. McDONALD & CO.,
Wholesale Druggists, Sacramento, Cal.
R. H. McDONALD & CO., New York.

Trusses, Supporters, Etc.

Gum Stockings, Shoulder Braces, Abdominal Supporters, Suspensary Bandages, Silk Elastic Bandages for Ladies. A very large assortment of articles in this line. For sale by

R. H. McDONALD & CO., Sacramento,
R. H. McDONALD & CO., New York.

BREWERS' STOCK.

Fresh Hops, Irish Moss, Burgundy Pitch, Keg Corks. Everything in this line of the best quality. For sale upon reasonable terms.

☞ 20 bales Hops just received by Express

R. H. McDONALD & CO.

ECLECTIC MEDICINES.

We are constantly receiving per express, additional supplies from the manufactories.

TILDON'S SUGAR COATED PILLS, of nearly all the concentrated Medicines, put up in bottles. For sale by

R. H. McDONALD & Co., Sacramento.
R. H. McDONALD & CO., New York.

SODA WATER MATERIAL.

Corks, Acids, Essential Oils, Whiting, Marble Dust, Soda Twine. Everything in the line.

For sale by R. H. McDONALD & CO.

Assayer's Material.

Crucibles, Retorts, Acids, and a general supply of all articles in this line.

PERFUMERY.

We are constantly receiving articles in this line, direct from Foreign and American manufactories.

For sale by R. H. McDONALD & CO.

PAINTS, OILS AND VARNISHES.

Brushes, Feather Dusters, Zinc White, Fire Proof Paint, Linseed Oil, Boiled and Raw. For sale by

R. H. McDONALD & CO.

COAL AND KEROSENE OILS.

Burning Fluid, Lamp Oil, Neats-foot Oil, Lard Oil, Camphene. Knowing the difficulty in procuring a good article, so necessary for brilliant light, we have taken extra pains to import them of the best quality, and can supply our customers with a superior article.

R. H. McDONALD & CO.,
Sacramento.
R. H. McDONALD & CO., New York

MEN VERSUS WOMEN.

"Topsy Turvy," a very witty, pleasant, and good writer in the Sunday Mercury, sends forth, in the last number of that journal, the following very pungent truth, and such as would be to the advantage of every portion of God's earth if put in practice, and were it done it would certainly turn this State "Topsy Turvy" in accepting a new and better system of action. We give the most of the article. She writes like a sensible woman:

Every body is discussing this important topic now-a-days, and I should like to air a few of my opinions. They have been packed away so long I'm afraid they will get musty. Meanwhile I want you to understand that I only think for myself. Do not pretend to express the views of womankind in general, for I don't know any more about them than I do about Greek.

But I was going to tell what I think about the men. It is hard to find a real, genuine specimen—for all who wear the habiliments are not men any more than all crinolinedom are women. But when you do find one, he is splendid. That's Topsy's private opinion.

The true Heaven-commissioned Lords of Creation—why, Woman in her best estate is no more to be compared to them than a farthing rush to the noonday sun. From how sublime a height they can look down on femininity, the highest and brightest though it be! Godlike in his own strength, how he smiles at our vanities, pities our frailties, and humors our weakness; and that, too, with sympathetic kindness, without sarcasm or sensuality.

Won't I allow my hero any faults?

O, yes, just enough to make him human.—But I being a woman, and loving him can't see them.

Why is it that woman worry, and struggle, and strive for what they call their Rights? What are their rights any way? To preach and lecture, and vote, and make fools of themselves in high places generally? To brawl and clamor for something, she knows not what, till she so unsexes herself that she is neither one thing nor the other? Let them have such rights who want them, I have no desire.

And after all, its only a pretence. A forced activity to still the hungry voice within their souls that cries for Love. Debarred by their unfeminine traits, from any reasonable hope of being sought after, they think to climb the battlements and storm the fortress.

My amiable darlings, this can't be done. He can come down to you, but you cannot reach his level unless he raises you. I know you are shocked that I should have the audacity to say it. But look for once deep down in your souls, clear aside all the rubbish of conventionalism, prejudice, and cant—what do you see written there as the one chief and paramount desire of your being?

You will not answer, for you dread the truth. I, who love truth, will answer for you.

To be gathered closely to a faithful bosom, by a strong arm that will shield you from the rough points of life.

You need'nt be ashamed of it. It is your destiny, decreed by Heaven, and it is your privilege to fulfill it. Only I think you go to work the wrong way.

Now, if I should ever marry—and as the other old maid said "I suppose it's what we've all got to come to,"—I wouldn't have a man that I could twist around my finger. The idea of promising to love, honor, and obey a man who would say: "Wifey, dear, don't you think we had better call the baby, Aurelia? That is, if you prefer it, you know." I'd want my lord and master to say: "Topsy, darling"—you see I want he should love me—"I think we'll call her Betsey Jane. It's not a very pretty name, but it's my mother's, and would please her so much." And although Aurelia might be my favorite, and Betsey Jane my pet adversion, I should be proud to obey.

When my master comes, I shall bow my head before him as did the maidens of old before the Rabbi. And then I shall worship him the rest of my natural life as abjectly as ever a Hindoo worshiped Juggernaut. *But he'll have to be a pretty smart man, I can tell you.*

A STRANGE STORY.—A Spanish journal, E Boletin de Comercio, published at Santander on March 5, contains the following most extraordinary statement: "The Paris correspondent of a democratic journal reports the following fact: 'M Lespiot, a first class surgeon of the invading army in Mexico, had a hundred Mexican prisoners in his hospital, and fearing that they were likely to rejoin the guerilla bands as soon as they could, he cut off half the forefinger of every one of them in order to render them incapable of drawing a trigger. This barbarious act was perpetrated six months ago, and no journal has dared to mention it. It is, however, affirmed to be true by witnesses, and amongst others by M. Lond, an assistant surgeon, who, rather than be an accomplice of the crime resigned his commission, which was accepted, but not till after he had been kept in close arrest for two months.'"

CONNECTICUT COURTSHIP.—The way they do business in New Haven is illustrated by an incident in the Journal & Courier. A chap had courted a girl, giving her a large number of presants to keep her admiration all right but differances arose and a big squabble was the result. Offended lover calls on his Mary Ann and requests that dress pattern given her last week. She passed over the demanded dry goods. "I'll take that photograph album if you please." She extracted the pictures and returned the volume." Give me back that ring!" No sooner said than done "Now I just want you to take out those teeth I paid thirty dollars for, and give them back to me in about four seconds!" This was too much and the female beat a hasty retreat.

BEST SORT.—The buxom, bright-eyed, full-breasted, bouncing lass—who can darn a stocking, mend trowsers, make her own frock, command a regiment of pots and kettles, feed the pigs, milk the cows, and be a lady withal in company—is just the sort of a girl for a young man to marry; but you, ye pining, lolling, screwed-up, wasp-waisted, doll-dressed, putty-faced, consumption-mortgaged, novel-devouring daughters of fashion and idleness—you are no more fit for matrimony than a pullet is to look after a family of fourteen chickens.

ALEXANDER BUSWELL,

PRACTICAL BOOKBINDER,

Paper Ruler and Blank Book Manufacturer,
517 Clay and 214 Commercial streets,
Between Montgomery and Sansome,
San Francisco.

☞ Binding of every description neatly executed Blank Books Ruled and Bound to any desired Patter
Aug. 21.1862–1y.

W. H. WALLACE D. S. ROBERT, S. T. LEET.

PACIFIC

FORWARDING AND COMMISSION

—AND—

WHOLESALE DEALERS IN

FLOUR, GRAIN AND PRODUCE.

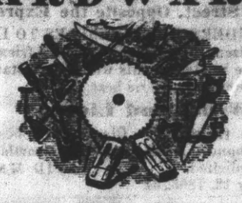
New Castle, Placer Co.

All Goods marked "Care of PACIFIC CO." will receive our prompt attention. jc11-tf

WM. H. HILLHOUSE,

Will constantly keep on hand all kinds of

HARDWARE!

STOVES.  STOVES.

TINWARE, &c., &c.,

Something Just Received of Great Importance to Miners!

The subscriber takes this early opportunity of announcing to the "Honest Miners," that he is prepared to furnish Iron, Hydraulic Pipe and fixtures, as expeditiously and on as reasonable terms, (per lb. or foot, or any other way), as "any other man." All persons intending to fit up their Claims with Iron Pipe this fall will consult their interests by calling on me before contracting elsewhere.

Together with a general assortment of all articles in his line. Particular attention paid to the manufacture of

Hydraulic Pipe, Hose Pipe!

or anything else pertaining to his business, or the wants of a mining community, at reasonable rates.
ap10-tf

LIVERY AND EXCHANGE STABLE.

Sacramento street, Dutch Flat.

THOMAS MORRIS,.....PROPRIETOR.

HAVING THE LARGEST AND MOST convenient Stable in the place, offers superior accommodations to Teamsters and the traveling public. An extensive Wagon Yard is connected with the establishment.

Horses to let on Livery.

Animals stabled, boarded and groomed by the day, week or month, at reasonable rates.
49-tf

WHITNEY & CO.,

(SUCCESSORS TO)

JOHNSTON & CO.,

Forwarding and Commission MERCHANTS,

AND DEALERS IN

California Produce

Auburn Station, Placer Co.

Mark your goods "W. & CO., and send shipping receipts with goods, facilitate business and prevent mistakes.

Offices—Sacramento.....Corner Front and L sts
Lincoln .....At the Railroad Depot
Auburn Station.....At the Railroad Depot
[jan28-tf]

WE THE BOARD OF EXAMINERS CREATED by "An Act for the better protection of the Treasury of Placer county," approved April 6th 1863, do hereby certify that in pursuance of our duties as set forth in said Act of the Legislature of the State of California, we have examined the books and papers in the office of E. M. Banvard, the Treasurer of Placer county, and find that there should be on the sixth day of May A. D. 1864, on the close of the official business of said day the amounts in the several county funds as specified below, namely:

County Fund	$ 355 15
Redemption do	3,630 24
Hospital do	246 14
School do	401 71
School Districts	4,433 55
Road do	1,953 59
Indian Fund	37 60
Estates of Deceased Persons	150 91
County Clerk's Fund	398 42
Railroad Interest Fund	1,030 92
Total amount	$12.141 33

And we further certify, that we have counted the money in the Treasury of Placer county, and find that there is in said Treasury, in United States gold and silver coin, the sum of Twelve thousand one hundred and forty-one 33-100 dollars.

I. R. S. H. FELLOWS, County Judge.

Jas. R. Rodgers, D. W. Madden, A. B. Scott. } Board of Supervisors

Subscribed and sworn to, before me this sixth day of May, 1864. D. W. SPEAR, County Clerk.
May 13.–1m

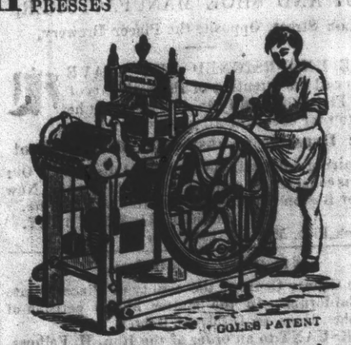
THE ENQUIRER

NEWSPAPER, BOOK AND JOB PRINTING ESTABLISHMENT,

SACRAMENTO STREET,

Dutch Flat.

HAVING ONE OF RUGGLES' JOB ENGINE PRESSES



RUGGLES PATENT

Together with an excellent assortment of new

JOB TYPE!!

We are prepared to do every description of

BILL-HEADS. CARDS. LABELS. PROGRAMMES.

PRINTING

SUCH AS

BALL TICKETS,
VISITING CARDS,
BUSINESS CARDS,
BILL-HEADS,
LETTER-HEADS,
PROGRAMMES,
BILLS OF FARE,
CONSTITUTIONS,
BY-LAWS, PAMPHLETS,
POSTERS, &c., &c.,

IN

BRONZE OR COLORED INKS,

In a style unsurpassed by any office in the State at greatly

REDUCED RATES!

FROM OUR FORMER CHARGES

Miscellaneous Advertisements.

HEYER BROS., 76 and 78 Federal st., BOSTON. | **HEYER & CO.,** 406 Battery street, SAN FRANCISCO.

HEYER & CO.,

IMPORTERS

—OF—

AMERICAN AND EUROPEAN

FANCY GOODS, TOYS,

—AND—

MUSICAL INSTRUMENTS!

—ALSO,—

SOAPS, PERFUMERY, HAIR AND TOOTH Brushes, Portfolios, Portmonnaies, Ladies' Bags, Photograph Albums, Cutlery, Willow, and Parian Ware, Children's Carriages, &c. Our stock of Violin, Guitar and other strings is very large. Our Foreign Goods are selected by one of the firm, and the American by the Boston House (established in 1824).

We have the Sole Agency for

HALLET & DAVIS' BOSTON PIANOS,

SMITH BROS.' HARMONIUMS, and

TREAT & LINSLEY'S MELODEONS.

The Hallet & Davis Pianos are each supplied with their Patent Suspension Bridge, which a decided improvement—it gives a full and clear vibration in the upper octaves, producing a quality of tone unequalled in firmness and purity. Our Melodeons and Harmoniums are of the best quality, and warranted to give satisfaction. oc29 3m

ESTABLISHED 1760.

PETER LORILLARD,

Snuff & Tobacco Manufacturer

16 & 18 CHAMBERS ST.,

(Formerly 42 Chatham Street, New York,)

Would call the attention of Dealers to the articles of his manufacture, viz:

BROWN SNUFF.

Macaboy,	Demigros,
Fine Rappee,	Pure Virginia,
Coarse Rappee,	Nachitoches,
American Gentleman,	Copenhagan.

YELLOW SNUFF.

Scotch,	Honey Dew Scotch,
High Toast Scotch	Fresh Honey Dew Scotch,
Irish High Toast,	Fresh Scotch.
or Lundyfoot,	

☞ ATTENTION IS CALLED TO THE LARGE REDUCTION IN PRICES OF FINE-CUT CHEWING AND SMOKING TOBACCOS, WHICH WILL BE FOUND OF A SUPERIOR QUALITY.

TOBACCO.

SMOKING.	FINE CUT CHEWING.	SMOKING.
Long,	P. A. L., or plain,	S. Jago
No. 1,	Cavendish, or Sweet,	Spanish,
No. 2,	Sweet Scented Oronoco,	Canaster,
1 & 2 mixed,	Tin Foil Cavendish,	Turkish
Granulated.		

N. B.—A circular of prices will be sent on application. May 21.–1y

GROVER & BAKER'S

Noiseless

Sewing Machines!

For Family Use and Manufacturing Purposes

☞ **Prices from $60 Upwards** ☜

Over 50,000 in Use!

WE beg to assure the public that the well-known reputation of these Machines for RELIABILITY will be fully sustained, and in our rapidly increasing business the same care will be faithfully exercised in every department of our manufacture. Every Machine sold by us *IS WARRANTED IN EVERY RESPECT.*

The public attention is respectfully requested to the following

Card from the Grover & Baker S. M. Company.

The public, in their eagerness to supply themselves with Sewing Machines making the GROVER & BAKER stitch must not forget to purchase them of the parties who alone are authorized to sell them. All machines sewing from the spools and in which one needle only penetrates the cloth, and having a feed which allows the material to be turned at will are infringements.

GROVER & BAKER, S. M. CO.

A Card from Elias Howe, Jr.

All persons are cautioned not to make, deal in, or use, any Sewing Machines which sew from two spools and make the stitch known as the GROVER & BAKER stitch, unless the same are purchased from the *GROVER & BAKER SEWING COMPANY*, or their Agents, or Licensees, and stamped under my patent of September, 10, 11.

Said Company and their Licensees, alone, are legally authorized under their own patents, and my said patent, during the extended term thereof, to make and sell this kind of Sewing Machines, and all others are piracies upon my said patent, and will be dealt with accordingly wherever found.

ELIAS HOWE, Jr.

☞ The attention of Tailors and Manufacturers, who prefer the "lock stitch," is called to our

Improved Shuttle Machines,

which are speedily adapted to their requirements

—AND—

☞ **THE BEST IN USE** ☜

R. G. BROWN, Agent.

329 (91) Montgomery street, San Francisco.

SAMUEL JELLY, 124 J st. Sacramento City;
J. T. ALLMENT, 156 Second st., Marysville;
J. L. WOODMAN, Main street, Stockton;
GEO. D. DONIN, North San Juan;
J. F. BARSS, Placerville;
D. B. GORDON, Weaverville;
T. A. SPRINGER, Jacksonville. jc26-tf

IMPORTANT

—TO—

MINING COMPANIES!

THE APPLICATION OF

WIRE ROPE

FOR HOISTING FROM SHAFTS AND INCLINES.

Reduces your expenditure for Rope

SIXTY-SIX PER CENT.

ALL KINDS OF

WIRE ROPE, FLAT AND ROUND!

Pamphlets containing strength, &c. of Rope, with full information forwarded free, on application to the Manufacturers,

A. S. HALLIDIE & CO.,
413 Clay street, San Francisco.
je 7–3m

WHEELER & WILSON'S

NEW STYLE

IMPROVED

FAMILY SEWING MACHINES

ALL FORMER OBJECTIONS OVERCOME

No Leather used in the

NEW STYLE MACHINES!

THE NEW STYLE HEMMER

AND

TRANSPARENT CLOTH PRESSER!!

ARE ATTACHED TO THE

IMPROVED MACHINE.

PRICES GREATLY REDUCED.

—THE—

MISSION WOOLLEN MILLS

—USE—

WHEELER & WILSON'S

SEWING MACHNSE!

IN MAKING UP

OVER-SHIRTS, COATS, SUITS, &c.

They now use from 40 to 50 constantly, and are turning out

THE FINEST GOODS

In the Market.

☞ *SEND FOR A CIRCULAR.* ☜

H. C. HAYDEN, Agent

Corner Sacramento and Montgomery streets,
o10-tf SAN FRANCISCO.

FRENCH, WILSON & CO.,

SAN FRANCISCO,

Make the best Clothing:

Furnishing Goods, all kinds.

Retailing for cash, at Wholesale Prices.

Largest and Best Stock of

CLOTHING,
FURNISHING GOODS,
TRUNKS,
CARPET BAGS,
UMBRELLAS,
VALISES, &c

To be found in any Retail House in Caliofrnia.

Goods suitable for traveling purposes in any climate.

We have fitted up a custom department in connection with our former business, and employ over seventy-five Tailors to make up fine clothing to order. We have the best cutter on this coast, which enables us to guarantee a perfect fit in all cases without alteration.

Our stock of cloths, cassimeres and Vestings are the finest imported from Paris or New York his season.

☞ Strangers visiting the city will please call and leave their measure free of charge.

Ap1117-1y FRENCH, WILSON & CO.

PHŒNIX WORKS!

JONATHAN KITTREDGE, Proprietor.

MANUFACTURER OF

FIRE-PROOF DOORS,
SHUTTERS,
BANK VAULTS,
PRISON CELLS,
RAILINGS,
GRATINGS,
BOLTS,
BALCONIES,
BRIDGE WORK,

and all kinds of BLACKSMITH WORK.

A large assortment of Second Hand Doors and Shutters, constantly on hand, and for sale at very low rates.

☞ All orders promptly attended to.

108 Battery Street, near Pacific,
San Francisco.
San Francisco, May 1, 1862. 6m

AMERICAN EXCHANGE,

SANSOME STREET,

Opposite the American Theater,

San Francisco.

S. H. SEYMOUR.....Proprietor.

THE UNDERSIGNED, LONG CONNECTED with the establishment as Book-keeper, begs leave respectfully to inform the old patrons of the house, and the public generally, that he has leased from Mr. Bailey Sargent,

THIS MAGNIFICENT ESTABLISHMENT,

which will in future be entirely under his management and control, at where he will be pleased to see his old friends and the traveling public. He flatters himself that his experience in the business, and his long acquaintance with the people of California, will be a guarantee that no one will leave his house dissatisfied, and he pledges himself to spare no pains or expense in providing every means for the comfort and satisfaction of his guests.

THE AMERICAN EXCHANGE is so well known to the people of California, that it seems almost unnecessary to say anything in praise, either of the building or its location. The Proprietor will only remark that it is inferior to no house in the State in all the requirements of a FIRST CLASS HOTEL, being in a central location and easy of access from all parts of the city. The ROOMS are large and WELL VENTILATED, and furnished with Spring Mattresses. Water has been introduced into all parts of the house.

BATH ROOMS are on the premises for the convenience of families.

Two Coaches are attached to the Hotel to convey passengers to and from the steamers.

SIMON H. SEYMOUR.

Miscellaneous Advertisements.

REDUCTION IN PRICES,

To Subscribers.

ATTENTION IS CALLED TO THE FOLLOWing list of American and Foreign Periodicals for which I receive subscriptions. Permanent arrangements having been made by the United States, Government for the carrying of the mails from the Atlantic States by steamer three times a month, I am enabled to receive subscriptions at a much lower rate than formerly. The same care and attention will be paid to the forwarding of all packages, for which this establishment has gained such an enviable reputation throughout the Pacific Coast.

ATLANTIC PERIODICALS.

	PER YEAR
Harper's Monthly Magazine	$3 50
Godey's Lady's Book	3 50
Atlantic Monthly	3 50
Leslie's Family Magazine	3 50
Knickerbocker Magazine	3 50
Continental Monthly	3 50
Peterson's Ladies' Magazine	3 00
Arthur's Home Magazine	3 00
Ladies' Repository	3 50
Tales of the Day	3 50
Monthly Novelette	3 00
Eclectic Magazine	6 00
Hunts' Merchants' Magazine	6 00
Bankers' Magazine	6 00
Le Bon Ton	6 00
Brownson's Review	3 00
Braithwaite Retrospect	3 00
Turf Register (yearly)	2 00
Ballou's Magazine	2 50
Yankee Notions (comic)	2 50
Leslie's Budget of Fun (comic)	2 50
Nic Nax (comic)	2 50
Comic Monthly	2 50
Phunny Phellow (comic)	2 50
New York Weekly Herald	3 00
New York Police Gazette	3 50
New York Clipper	3 50
New York Home Journal	3 50
New York Weekly Tribune	3 50
New York Sunday Mercury	3 50
New York Sunday Atlas	3 50
New York Sunday Times	3 50
New York Sunday Dispatch	3 50
New York Sunday Courier	3 50
New York Weekly Times	3 50
New York World	3 50
New York Journal of Commerce	3 50
New York Independent	3 50
New York Leader	3 00
New York Ledger	3 00
New York Leslie's Pictorial	3 50
New York Harper's Weekly	3 50
New York Illustrated News	3 50
New York Zeitung (German)	3 50
New York Demokrat	3 50
New York Criminal Zeitung	3 50
New York Family Blatter	3 50
New York Vanity Fair	3 50
New York Irish American	3 50
New York Scientific American	3 50
New York Wilkes' Spirit of the Times	3 50
New York Tablet	3 50
New York Country Gentleman	3 50
New York Weekly	3 50
New York Mercury	3 50
New York Herald of Progress	3 50
New York Scottish American Journal	3 50
New York Albion	6 00
New York Eco d'Italia (Italian)	3 50
New York La Cronica (Spanish)	12 00
Boston Weekly Journal	3 50
Boston Flag of our Union	3 50
Boston Pilot	3 50
Boston Waverly Magazine	3 50
Boston Banner of Light	3 50
Boston True Flag	3 50
Boston Investigator	3 50
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